



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the members of Rajam Enterprises Private Limited

Report on the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the standalone financial statements of **Rajam Enterprises Private** Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2019, the Statement of Profit and Loss and Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs (financial position) of the Company as at March 31, 2019, and its Loss, and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under section 143(10) of the Act (SAs). Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the independence requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the standalone financial statements.

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Responsibility of Management for Standalone Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the Company in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act.

This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the standalone financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

 Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide

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B. Purushottam & Co., CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- Obtain an understanding of internal financial controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Companies Act, 2013, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the standalone financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the standalone financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the standalone financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's report) Order, 2016 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in the Annexure A, a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.

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CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

- 2. As required by section 143 (3) of the Act, we report that:
- (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit;
- (b) In our opinion, proper books of accounts as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
- (c) The Balance Sheet, Statement of Profit and Loss and the Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
- (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
- (e) On the basis of written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2019, and taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2019, from being appointed as a director in terms of section 164 (2) of the Act;
- (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure B" to this report;
- (g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position in its financial statements.
 - The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
 - iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.

Place: Chennai

Date: 29th June 2019

For B. PURUSHOTTAM & CO. Chartered Accountants Reg. No. 002808S

> B. S. Numm B.S. PURSHOTHAM



No.

ANNEXURE A TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

With reference to the Annexure referred to in paragraph 1 under the heading "Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements" of the Independent Auditor's report to the members of **Rajam Enterprises Private Limited** on the Standalone financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2019, we report that:

i. In respect of Fixed Assets

The company does not have any Fixed Assets during the year and hence reporting under this clause does not arise.

ii. In respect of Inventories

The company does not have any inventory during the year and hence reporting under this clause does not arise.

- iii. According to the information and explanations given by the management, the company has not granted any loans secured or unsecured during the year under review to companies, firms, limited liability partnerships or other parties covered in the register maintained under section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(iii) (a),(b) and (c) of the order are not applicable to the company.
- iv. According to the information and explanations given by the management, the Company is registered under Sec 45IA of RBI Act, 1934 as NBFC. Hence the provisions of section 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable.
- v. The company has not accepted deposits from the public and hence the directives issued by the Reserve Bank of India and the provisions of sections 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Companies (Acceptance of Deposits Rules, 2015 with regard to the deposits accepted from the public) are not applicable.
- vi. Maintenance of cost records is not prescribed under sub-section (1) of section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013, hence reporting under this clause does not arise.
- vii. a. The company is regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues including provident fund, employees' state insurance, income-tax, goods and service tax, duty of customs, cess and other material statutory dues applicable to it with the appropriate authorities.
 - **b.** According to the information and explanations given by the management of the company, no undisputed amounts payable in respect of provident fund, employees' state insurance, income tax, goods and service tax, duty of customs, cess in Building

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and other material statutory dues were outstanding, at the year end, for a period of more than six months from the date they become payable.

- c. No dues of income tax or sales tax or service tax or duty of customs or duty of excise or value added tax have not been deposited on account of any dispute.
- viii. According to the information and explanations given to us and on our examination of records, the company has not defaulted in repayment of dues to a financial institution, bank, Government or debenture holders.
- ix. According to the books of the company and based on the information and explanations given by the management, the Company did not raise any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) and term loans during the year under review and hence reporting under this clause does not arise.
- x. According to the information and explanations given to us no fraud by the company or no fraud on the Company by its officers or employees has been noticed or reported during the year.
- xi. The Company is a Private Limited Company and so the limits for payment of managerial remuneration specified in Section 197 and Schedule V are not applicable. Hence, we have no comments to offer.
- xii. The Company is not a Nidhi Company hence reporting under this clause is not applicable.
- xiii. All transactions with the related parties are in compliance with sections 177 and 188 of Companies Act, 2013 where applicable and the details have been disclosed in the Financial Statements etc., as required by the applicable accounting standards;
- xiv. The company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year under review and the provisions of section 42 of companies act 2013 are not applicable.
- xv. According to the information and explanations given to us the company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him.
- xvi. The company is registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 as Non-Banking Financial Institution.

Place: Chennai

Date : 29th June 2019

For B. PURUSHOTTAM & CO.
Chartered Accountants
Reg. No. 002808S

B.S. PURSHOTHAM
Partner
M.No. 26785



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Annexure B to Auditors' Report of even date

Report on the Internal Controls on Financial Controls under clause (i) of sub-section (3) of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of **Rajam Enterprises Private Limited** ("the Company") as of 31st March 2019 in conjunction with our audit of the Standalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing

and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

B. Purushottam & Co.,

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We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31 March 2019, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

Place : Chennai

Date : 29th June 2019

For B. PURUSHOTTAM & CO. Chartered Accountants Reg. No. 002808S

> B.S. PURSHOTHAM Partner M.No. 26785



CIN: U67120KA1995PTC033571

Regd. Office: Skip House, 25/1, Museum Road, Bengaluru - 560 025

Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2019

Particulars	Note	March 3	31, 2019	March 3	1, 2018
	No.	Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs
I. EQUITY AND LIABILITIES					
(1) Shareholders' Funds					ľ
(a) Share Capital	2	250,000,000		250,000,000	
(b) Reserves and Surplus	3	(535,705,062)		(499,494,133)	
			(285,705,062)		(249,494,133
(2) Provision Against Standard Assets (U/s 45JA of RBI Act)	4		560		69,960
(3) Non Current Liabilities					
(a) Long term borrowings	5		16,500,000		11,500,000
(4) Current Liabilities					
(a) Short term borrowings	6	172,575,000		162,475,000	
(b) Other current liabilities	7	228,307,542	400,882,542	203,445,408	365,920,408
TOTAL			131,678,040		127,996,235
II. ASSETS					
(1) Non - current assets					
(a) Non - current investments	8	95,620,264		102,944,940	
(b) Long term loans and advances	9	12,015,000	107,635,264	15,850,000	118,794,940
(2) Current Assets					
(a) Cash and cash equivalents	10	430.947		183,395	
(b) Short term loans and advances	11	140,000	1	1,640,000	
(c) Trade Receivable	12	15,128,487		1,040,000	
(d) Other current assets	13	8,343,342		7,377,900	
, ,		2,3 10,0 12	24,042,776	7,077,000	9,201,295
TOTAL				ļ	
TOTAL			131,678,040	ļ	127,996,235
Summary of significant accounting policies	1				

The accompaning notes are an integral part of the Financial statements

As Per Our Report of even date attached For B. Purushottam & Co Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration number: 002808S

B.S.Purshotham Partner M.No.026785

Date: June 29, 2019

Place: New Delhi

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Rajam Enterprises Private Limited

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

Sunil Jain Director DIN. 02075877

Ch.Srinivasa Rao Director DIN. 03497034

Ch. Socienivatsa Rao

Sanjeev Rao Y Company Secretary M.No.A23778

CIN: U67120KA1995PTC033571

Regd. Office: Skip House, 25/1, Museum Road, Bengaluru - 560 025

Profit and loss statement for the year ended March 31, 2019

	Note	March 3	1, 2019	March	31, 2018
	No.	Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs
Income					
Revenue from Operations	14		1,774,742		16,535,701
Other Income	15		398,368		14,475,595
Total (A)			2,173,110		31,011,296
Expenses					
Finance costs	16		24,998,868		29,086,132
Other expenses	17		13,324,997		479,546,531
Total (B)			38,323,865		508,632,663
5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6					``
Profit/(Loss) before exceptional and tax (A-B)			(36,150,755)		(477,621,367)
Exceptional Items			-		(#1)
Profit before tax			(36,150,755)		(477,621,367)
Tax expense:					
(1) Current tax					
(2) Mat Credit Entitlement		-		22,129,722	
(3) Earlier years		60,174	60,174	=, . = 0, . = =	22,129,722
Profit/(Loss) for the period from continuing			(00.040.000)		(400 754 000)
operations			(36,210,929)		(499,751,089)
Less : Special Reserve u/s 45IC of RBI Act			ш ш		14 1
			(36,210,929)		(499,751,089)
Profit/(loss) from discontinuing operations			2		
Tax expense of discontinuing operations			×		ū.
Profit/(loss) from discontinuing operations					
(after tax)			5		
Profit/(Loss) for the period			(36,210,929)		(499,751,089)
Earning per equity share: (Rs.10/- each)					
(1) Basic and diluted			(1.45)		(19.99)
Summary of significant accounting policies	1				

The accompaning notes are an integral part of the Financial statements

As Per Our Report of even date attached For B. Purushottam & Co **Chartered Accountants**

Firm Registration number: 002808S

B.S.Purshotham Partner M.No.026785

Sunil Jain Director DIN. 02075877 Ch.Srinivasa Rao Director DIN. 03497034

Ch. Socimionsa Rao

Sanjeev Rao Y Company Secretary

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

Rajam Enterprises Private Limited

M.No.A23778

Date: June 29, 2019 Place : New Delhi

CIN: U67120KA1995PTC033571

Regd. Office: Skip House, 25/1, Museum Road, Bengaluru - 560 025

Cash flow statement for the year ended March 31, 2019

Particulars	March :	31, 2019	March	31, 2018
rai (iculai s	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Cash flows from operating activities				
Loss before taxation		(36,150,755)		(477,621,367)
Provision for Standard Assets	(69,400)		(1,738,225)	
Provision for Sub Standard Assets	1,335,000	1,265,600	5	(1,738,225)
		(34,885,155)		(479,359,592)
(Increase)/ decrease in trade and other receivables	(12,093,929)		519,891,206	
Increase/ (decrease) in current liabilities	24,862,134	12,768,205	28,601,628	548,492,834
		(22,116,950)		69,133,242
Income taxes		(60,174)		(22,129,722)
Net cash from operating activities		(22,177,124)		47,003,520
Cash flows from investing activities (Purchase)/Sale of Investments(Net) Net cash from investing activities Cash flows from financing activities Proceeds/(Repayment) from long term borrowings Proceeds/(Repayment) from short term borrowings	7,324,676 5,000,000 10,100,000	7,324,676	10,950,018 (72,150,000)	10,950,018
Net cash from financing activities		15,100,000		(72,150,000)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		247,552		(14,196,462)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of reporting period Cash and cash equivalents at end of reporting		183,395		14,379,857
period		430,947		183,395

As Per Our Report of even date attached

For B. Purushottam & Co Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration number: 002808S

B.S.Purshotham Partner M.No.026785 25/A. filmih Bunn Buzu, T. N. Upst. Chennur 600 U17

Date: June 29, 2019 Place : New Delhi For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Rajam Enterprises Private Limited

Sunil Jain Director DIN. 02075877 Ch.Srinivasa Rao Director DIN. 03497034

O. Socimiralsa Rao

Company Secretary
M.No.A23778

CIN: U67120KA1995PTC033571

Regd. Office: Skip House, 25/1, Museum Road, Bengaluru - 560 025

Note. 1: Statement on Significant Accounting Policies and Notes to the Accounts

1. Corporate information:

Rajam Enterprises Private Limited ('REPL' or 'the Company') is a private limited company domiciled in India incorporated on 20th December, 1995.

A. Significant Accounting Policies

i). Basis of preparation of financial statements

The Financial Statements of the Company are prepared in accordance with the generally accepted accounting principles in India ('Indian GAAP'). The Company has prepared these financial statements to comply in all material respects with the accounting standards notified. The financial statements have been prepared on an accrual basis and under the historical cost convention.

The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of financial statements are consistent with those of previous year.

ii).Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Indian GAAP requires the management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent liabilities, at the end of the reporting period. Although these estimates are based on management's best knowledge of current events and actions, uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in the outcomes requiring a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of the assets or liabilities in future periods.

iii).Revenue Recognition

The Company recognizes significant items of income and expenditure on accrual basis except in case of those with significant uncertainties.

Interest

Interest income is recognized on a time proportion basis taking into account the amount of outstanding and the rate applicable.

Dividends

Dividend income is recognized when the shareholders' right to receive payment is established by the Balance Sheet date

iv).Fixed Assets

Fixed Assets are stated at cost of acquisition less depreciation. Cost of acquisition is inclusive of fees paid for the services received towards acquisition, freight, duties, levies and all incidentals attributable to bringing the asset to its working condition.

All the fixed assets are assessed for any indication of impairment at the end of each financial year. On such indication, the impairment (being the excess of carrying value over the recoverable value of the asset) is charged to the Profit and Loss account in the respective financial year. The impairment loss recognized in the prior years is reversed where the recoverable value exceeds the carrying value of the asset upon re-assessment in the subsequent years.



CIN: U67120KA1995PTC033571

Regd. Office: Skip House, 25/1, Museum Road, Bengaluru - 560 025

Note. 1: Statement on Significant Accounting Policies and Notes to the Accounts

v).Depreciation

Depreciation on fixed assets is calculated on a straight line basis using the rates arrived at based on the useful lives estimated by the management or as per the rates prescribed under Schedule II of Companies Act, 2013 whichever is higher.

Leasehold improvements are amortized over the period of the lease or estimated useful life whichever is shorter

vi).Investments

Cost of acquisition is inclusive of expenditure incidental to acquisition.

Long term investments are valued at cost and provision for diminution in value is made for any decline, other than temporary, in the value of such investments for each category. The Current investments are valued at cost or market value whichever is lower. In case of Venture Capital Fund valued at book value of fund plus net current assets held by the fund.

Income from investments is recognized in the year in which it is accrued and stated at gross.

vii). Earnings per Share

The earnings considered in ascertaining the company's earnings per Share (EPS) comprise the net profit after tax less dividend payable on preference shares, if any (including dividend distribution tax). The number of shares used for computing the basic EPS is the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year.

viii).Taxes on Income

Current tax is determined based on the amount of tax payable in respect of taxable income for the year. Deferred tax is recognized on timing differences; being the tax on difference between the taxable incomes and accounting income that originate in one year and are capable of reversal in one or more subsequent years. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are computed on the timing differences applying the tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the Balance Sheet date. Deferred tax assets arising on account of unabsorbed depreciation or carry forward of tax losses are recognized only to the extent that there is virtual certainty supported by convincing evidence that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which such deferred tax assets can be realized.





CIN: U67120KA1995PTC033571

Regd. Office: Skip House, 25/1, Museum Road, Bengaluru - 560 025

Notes to financial statements for the year ended March 31' 2019

2 Share Capital:

25,000,000 25,000,000	Rs. 250,000,000 250,000,000
25,000,000	250,000,000
25 000 000	250,000,000
25,000,000	250,000,000
5.	
25,000,000	250,000,000
250,000,000 - - - 250,000,000	250,000,000 25,000,000
	5: 5:

Terms / rights attached to equity shares

The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of Rs.10 per share. Every member holding equity shares therein shall have voting rights in proportion to the member's share of the paid up equity share capital. The Company declares and pays dividend in Indian rupees. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors, if any, is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting.

In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares would be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the equity shareholders.





CIN: U67120KA1995PTC033571

Regd. Office: Skip House, 25/1, Museum Road, Bengaluru - 560 025

Notes to financial statements for the year ended March 31' 2019

3 Reserves and Surplus:

Particulars		March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018
		Rs.	Rs.
Special Reserve U/s 45 IC of RBI Act			
Opening Balance		34,301,025	34,301,025
Received during the year		7.00	¥
Utilised During the Year			
	(A)	34,301,025	34,301,025
Surplus i.e. balance in Statement of Profit & Loss	Ī		
Opening Balance		(533,795,158)	(34,044,069)
Transferred from/to Profit & Loss Account		(36,210,929)	(499,751,089)
	(B)	(570,006,087)	(533,795,158)
Total (A+B)		(535,705,062)	(499,494,133)

4 Provision Against Standard Assets (U/s 45JA of RBI Act)

Particulars	March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018
At the beginning of the reporting period	69,960	1,808,185
Add : During the year	- 1	<u>*</u>
Lees : Reversal during the year	69,400	1,738,225
At the close of the reporting period	560	69,960

5 Long term Borrowings

Particulars	March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018
1) Unsecured Loans:		
a) Loans from related parties	16,500,000	11,500,000
Total	16,500,000	11,500,000

Additional Information:- March'2019

Unsecured short term availed from Sri Varalakshmi Jute Twine Mills Ltd @ 11.90% rate of interest which is repayable in Rs.1,15,00,000 in Apri'2021 and Rs.50,00,000/- in June 2021

March'2018

Name of the Lender	Loan outstanding	Due Date
Sri Varalakshmi Jute Twine Mills Ltd	11,500,000	April'2019

6 Short term Borrowings

Onort term borrowings		
Particulars	March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018
1) Unsecured Loans:		
a) Loans from related parties	172,575,000	162,475,000
Total	172,575,000	162,475,000

Additional Information: - March'2019

Unsecured short term availed from GMR Enterprises Pvt Ltd @ 14.50% rate of interest which is repayable in February' 2020

March'2018

Name of the Lender	Loan outstanding	Due Date
GMR Enterprises Pvt Ltd	162,475,000	February'2019





CIN: U67120KA1995PTC033571

Regd. Office: Skip House, 25/1, Museum Road, Bengaluru - 560 025

Notes to financial statements for the year ended March 31' 2019

Particulars	March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018
Falticulais	Rs.	Rs.
7 Other current liabilities:		
a) Interest accrued but not due on borrowings	227,908,721	203,187,742
b) Other payables		
TDS Payable	291,194	187,376
Others	53,627	25,290
c) Audit Fees Payable	54,000	45,000
	228,307,542	203,445,408

8 Non - current investments

	Details of Investments	No of Shares	March 31, 2019 Rs.	No of Shares	March 31, 2018 Rs.
a)	Quoted Fully paid equity shares of Rs 10/- each		1101		110
′	Indian Overseas Bank	1,000	24,000	1,000	24,000
	The Karnataka Bank Limited	34,800	2,784,000	34,800	2,784,000
b)	Un-Quoted Fully paid equity shares of Rs 10/- each				
	VIL International Pvt. Ltd.	60,000	600,000	60,000	600,000
	GMR Energy Trading	1	10	1	10
	Sai Rayalaseema Paper Mills Limited	323,210	3,937,001	323,210	3,937,001
c)	Un-Quoted 0.001% Compulsory Convertible Debenture				
	Rs.10,000/- each				
	Basanth Investments Private Limited	5 .5 .5		1,500	15,000,000
d)	Investment in Venture Capital				
"	Faering Capital Evolving Fund I	60,943	50,281,339	63,729	60,718,716
	Faering Capital Evolving Fund II	45,380	37,993,914	25,000	19,881,213
		(Units)		(Units)	
				-	
	Total		95,620,264	-	102,944,940
	Less:				
	Provision for diminution in value of investments		25 222 224		100.044.040
	Total		95,620,264		102,944,940

Additional Information:

Terms/ Rights attached to Compulsory Convertible Debentures (CCD's)

During the year 2015, the Company subscribed Basanth Investments Private Limited 1,500 (One Thousand Five Hundred Only) 0.001% Compulsorily Convertible Debentures (Non-Marketable Unsecured Debentures with an compulsorily to convert into Equity Shares) of face value of Rs. 1,50,000 (Rupees Ten Thousand Only) each amounting to Rs. 1,50,00,000 for a tenue of 5 years.

The Compulsorily Convertible Debentures scheduled to be converted on January, 2020. However, the same can be prematurely converted at any time upon the discretion of the Company and allottee as mutually agreed in accordance with the applicable law. However, they are sold during the year.

1) Aggregate value of quoted investments:	March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018
Cost	2,808,000	2,808,000
Market Value	4,665,470	3,602,470
Provision for diminution in value of investments		

March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018
92,812,264	100,136,940
	March 31, 2019 92,812,264





CIN: U67120KA1995PTC033571

Regd. Office: Skip House, 25/1, Museum Road, Bengaluru - 560 025

Notes to financial statements for the year ended March 31' 2019

Destinulare	March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018
Particulars	Rs.	Rs.
0.1 t lane and advances		
9 Long term loans and advances:	12,015,000	15,850,000
i) Others	12,015,000	15,850,000
Additional information:	12,013,000	13,030,000
Breakup of above:		
i) Secured, considered good	_	
ii) Unsecured, considered good	13,350,000	15,850,000
iii) Doubtful	.0,000,000	-
Total	13,350,000	15,850,000
Less: Provision for doubtful amounts	1,335,000	·
1	12,015,000	15,850,000
Additional Information:- March'2019		
Unsecured long term loan given to B V Nageswarao @ 11.90%		
rate of interest which is receivable in January 2022		
,		
10 Cash and cash equivalents:		
i) Balances with banks		
- in Current Accounts	430,947	183,395
- in Cash		
	430,947	183,395
11 Short term loans and advances:		
i) Others	140,000	1,640,000
	140,000	1,640,000
Additional information:		
1) Breakup of above:		
i) Secured, considered good	440.000	4 040 000
ii) Unsecured, considered good	140,000	1,640,000
iii) Doubtful	15,000,000 15,140,000	15,000,000
Total	15,000,000	16,640,000
Less: Provision for doubtful amounts	140,000	15,000,000 1, 640,000
12 Trade Receivable	140,000	1,040,000
i) Others	15,128,487	
1) Outota	13,120,407	124
	15,128,487	(4)/-
	10,120,401	
13 Other Current Assets		
i) Advance payment of Income Tax (Net of Provisions)	211,213	460,222
ii) Interest receivable	8,132,129	6,917,678
,519517555174515	8,343,342	7,377,900





CIN: U67120KA1995PTC033571

Regd. Office : Skip House, 25/1, Museum Road, Bengaluru - 560 025 Notes to financial statements for the year ended March 31' 2019

	March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018
Particulars Particulars	Rs.	Rs.
14 Revenue from Operations :		
i) Interest income - Loans and Advances	1,527,465	1,626,569
ii) Interest on Debenture	113	485
iii) Dividend and other income from venture investment	142,764	5
iv) Profit from redemption of venture capital units	83	14,022,260
v) Profit from redemption of mutual funds		56,797
vi) Dividend Income		
- from long term investments	104,400	829,590
	1,774,742	16,535,701
15 Other income:		
i) Reversal of provision for Doubtful Loans and Advances	200,000	12,737,370
ii) Reversal of provision for Standard Assets (U/s 45JA of RBI Act	69,400	1,738,225
1934)		
iii) Interest Received-IT Refund	128,968	*
	398,368	14,475,595
16 Finance Costs:		
i) Interest - Others	24,997,323	29,084,108
ii) Bank Charges	1,545	2,024
	24,998,868	29,086,132
17 Other expenses:		
i) Advertisement Expenses	24,310	<u> </u>
ii) Consultancy Charges	365,100	2,130,680
iii) Rates and taxes	23,980	84,120
vi) Payment to Auditors (Refer note no.23)	60,000	85,000
v) Loss from redemption of Venture Capital units	1,594,344	<u> </u>
vi) Provision for Substandard Assets 10% of loan	1,335,000	-
vii) Bad Debts Written Off	-	477,234,341
viii) Interest on Income Tax	42	u u
ix) Fund Management fee	9,918,631	*
x) Mis.expenses	3,590	12,390
	13,324,997	479,546,531





CIN: U67120KA1995PTC033571

Regd. Office: Skip House, 25/1, Museum Road, Bengaluru - 560 025

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2019

18. Contingent Liabilities: Nil (2018: Nil)

- 19. The Company operates in single segment i.e. Non-banking financial activity and hence there are no reportable segments as per the requirements of Accounting Standard 17 "Segment Reporting" issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.
- 20. Additional Information pursuant to Paragraph 13 of Non-Banking Financial (Non- Deposit Accepting or Holding) Companies Prudential Norms (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2007 is enclosed

21. Related Party Transactions

a) Name of Related Parties and description of relationship:

aj	a) Name of Helated Fattles and description of relationship.	
(i)	Holding Company	GMR Enterprises Private Ltd.
(ii)	Personnel	Mr. Adiseshavataram Cherukupalli – Director Mr. Sunil Jain – Director Mr. T. Govindarajulu-Director Mr. Chakka Srinivasa Rao-Director
(iii)	Enterprises under common control (Where transactions have taken place)	

b) Summary of transactions with the above related parties is as follows:

(Amount in Rupees)

(Amount in the	
Nature of Transaction	Amount
Interest Paid to :	
GMR Enterprises Pvt Ltd	2,35,27,755 (2,77,15,608)
Sri Varalakshmi Jute Twine Mills Ltd	14,69,568 (13,68,500)
Loan Taken From GMR Enterprises Pvt Ltd	2,15,90,186 (6,00,000)
Sri Varalakshmi Jute Twine Mills Pvt. Ltd	50,00,000 (Nil)
Loan Repaid to :	
GMR Enterprises Pvt Ltd	1,14,90,186 (7,27,50,000)





CIN: U67120KA1995PTC033571

Regd. Office: Skip House, 25/1, Museum Road, Bengaluru - 560 025

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2019

Period end balances	
Loans Payable to GMR Enterprises Pvt Ltd	17,25,75,000 (16,24,75,000)
Sri Varalakshmi Jute Twine Mills Pvt. Ltd	1,65,00,000 (1,15,00,000)
Accrued Interest Payable to GMR Enterprises Pvt Ltd	21,77,20,053 (19,43,21,685)
Sri Varalakshmi Jute Twine Mills Pvt.Ltd	1,01,88,668 (88,66,057)

Previous year figures are mentioned in brackets.

22. Earnings Per Share (EPS) (Basic and Diluted)

Particulars	March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018
Nominal Value of Equity Shares (Rs. per Share)	10	10
Total number of Equity Shares outstanding at the beginning of the year	2,50,00,000	2,50,00,000
Add: Equity Shares issued during the year		
Total number of Equity Shares outstanding at the end of the year	2,50,00,000	2,50,00,000
Weighted average number of Equity Shares outstanding at the end of the year	2,50,00,000	2,50,00,000
Net Profit after tax for the purpose of EPS	(3,62,10,929)	(49,97,51,089)
EPS -Basic and Diluted	(1.45)	(19.99)

23. Remuneration to Auditors

(Amount in Rupees)

Particulars	March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018
Audit fees (excluding Service Tax)	60,000	50,000
Certification fees		35,000
Total	60,000	85,000



CIN: U67120KA1995PTC033571

Regd. Office: Skip House, 25/1, Museum Road, Bengaluru - 560 025

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2019

24. Additional disclosure

A) Asset Classification and Provisioning:

Classification of Loans and provision made for standard/substandard/doubtful/loss assets are as given below:

Classification of Assets	March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018
Standard assets	1,40,000	1,74,90,000
Sub-standard assets	1,33,50,000	
Doubtful assets	1,50,00,000	1,50,00,000
Total	2,84,90,000	3,24,90,000
Note 9 & 11: Long and Short term loans and	advances	

Provision	March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018
Standard assets	560	69,960
Sub-standard assets	13,35,000	
Doubtful assets	1,50,00,000	1,50,00,000
Total	1,63,35,560	1,50,69,960
Note 4 Provision against standard assets & Note 9 Substandard assets provision		

B) Disclosure pursuant to Reserve Bank of India Notification DNBS.200/CGM (PK)-2008 dated 01st August, 2008

i. Capital to Risk asset ratio

Particular	March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018
Tier I Capital	(28,57,05,062)	(24,94,94,133)
Tier II Capital	560	69,960
Total	(28,57,05,062)	(24,94,24,173)
Total Risk Weighted Assets	13,10,35,880	12,73,52,618
Tier I Capital as a percentage of Total Risk weighted Assets (%)	(218.04%)	(195.91%)
Tier II Capital as a percentage of Total Risk weighted Assets (%)	0.00%	0.05%
Total Capital (%)	(218.04%)	(195.86%)

C) Exposure to Real Estate Sector, Both Direct & Indirect

The Company does not have any direct or indirect exposure to the Real Estate Sector as at March 31, 2019

CIN: U67120KA1995PTC033571

Regd. Office: Skip House, 25/1, Museum Road, Bengaluru - 560 025

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2019

D) Maturity Pattern of Assets and Liabilities

Maturity pattern of certain items of Assets and Liabilities as on March 31, 2019

		Liabi	lities	Assets			
SL No.	Particulars	Borrowings from Banks and others	Market Borrowings	Advances	Investments		
1	Upto one month	62V	=	2	(¥3		
2	Over one month to 2 months	(a)	æ	*	563		
3	Over 2 months upto 3 months	(a)	<u> </u>	2	-		
4	Over 3 months upto 6 months	äl	2	2	180		
5	Over 6 months upto 1 year	17,25,75,000	=	1,40,000	(4)		
6	Over 1 years upto 3 years	1,65,00,000	lie .	1,20,15,000	9,10,83,253		
7	Over 3 years upto 5 years	20	2	¥	45,37,011		
8	Over 5 years	72	to the	2	120		
	Total	18,90,75,000	-	1,21,55,000	9,56,20,264		

Notes:

- 1. The above borrowing exclude interest accrued but not due.
- 2. The borrowings of Rs.17,25,75,000 is from the Holding Company M/s GMR Enterprises Pvt. Ltd (GEPL) and in view of the financial constraints of the company, GEPL has agreed to extend the validity of the loan beyond the current maturity date. Thus the above mismatch may not impact the company.
- 3. The above information has been considered as per the Assets Liability Management (ALM) Report compiled by the Management reviewed by the ALM committee.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2019

E) Provisions and Contingencies (Balances)

Provisions and Contingencies March 31, 2019 March 31, 2018

Provisions for depreciation on Investment - -
Provision towards NPA - -
Provision made towards Income tax 1,18,339 1,18,339

Other Provision and Contingencies 1,63,35,000 1,50,00,000

Provision for Standard Assets 560 69,960





CIN: U67120KA1995PTC033571

Regd. Office: Skip House, 25/1, Museum Road, Bengaluru - 560 025

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2019

F) Disclosure of frauds reported during the year (Pursuant to Circular: DNBS PD.CCNO.256/03.10.042 2012-13 dated March 02, 2012)

March, 2019 (Rupees in Lakhs)

					Mai	rch, 201		es in Lakh	
		Less than		Rs.1 to Rs.5		Rs.5 to		Total	
	Rs.1 lakh		lakh		Rs.25 lakh				
Particulars	No. of Accou	Value	No. of Accou nts	Value	No. of Accou nts	Value	No. of Accou nts	Value	
A) Person involved									
Staff		20	120	-	1.5	100	-		
Customer		150	180	333	353	195		ē.	
Staff and customer				(92		153	-	=	
Total	-	-	3,5%	-	-	-	-	-	
B) Type of fraud Misappropriation and criminal breach of trust Fraudulent encashment/ Manipulation of books of accounts unauthorized credit facility extended Cheating and forgery	-	-	ω.	a.		>=	-		
Total	-	-	Θ.	-		-	-	-	
C) Person involved									
Staff	-	×	9	5 3	640	140	- 12	82	
Customer	#	¥	=	941	(4)	=	120	828	
Staff and customer	н .	-	:	ar_	(4)	=	12	R	
Total	-	-	<u> </u>	-	-	-	-	12	
D) Type of fraud Misappropriation and criminal breach of trust Fraudulent encashment/ Manipulation of books of accounts unauthorized credit facility extended Cheating and forgery	2	2	2	e	40	2	72	9	
Total						-			





CIN: U67120KA1995PTC033571

Regd. Office: Skip House, 25/1, Museum Road, Bengaluru - 560 025

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2019

- 25. The company does not have any Lease transaction.
- 26. The company does not have any employees on its rolls.
- 27. The Directors are not paid any remuneration/fees.
- 28. There are no dues to creditors covered under Micro Small Medium Enterprises Development (MSMED) Act 2006
- 29. Previous year figures have been regrouped and reclassified, wherever necessary, to conform to those of the Current year.

As per our report of even date For B. Purushottam & Co **Chartered Accountants**

Firm Registration No: 002808S

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of **Rajam Enterprises Private Limited**

Partner M.No. 026785 Director

DIN .02075877

Ch.Srinivasa Rao Director DIN .03497034

Sanjeev Rao Y **Company Secretary**

M.No.A23778

Date: June 29, 2019 Place: New Delhi