### **INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT**

### TO THE MEMBERS OF NADIRA PROPERTIES PRIVATE LIMITED

### **Report on the Ind AS standalone Financial Statements**

### **Opinion**

- 1. We have audited the accompanying standalone Ind AS financial statements of **Nadira Properties Private Limited** (the "**Company**"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2021, the Statement of Profit and Loss, the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flow for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information. (Hereinafter referred to as "Ind AS financial statements").
- 2. In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Ind AS financial statements for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2021 give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the company as at 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2021, its losses, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

### **Basis for Opinion:**

3. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the Ind AS financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules there under, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

4. The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Board report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The board report is expected to

be made available to us after the date of this auditor's report.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. When we read the report containing other information if we conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, we are required to communicate the matter to those charged with governance.

### Management's Responsibility for the Ind AS Financial Statements:

- 5. The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, changes in equity and cash flows in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under section 133 of the Act read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.
- 6. In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.
- 7. The Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Ind AS Financial Statements:

- 8. Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements, as a whole, are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.
- 9. A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is as follows:
- A. As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:
- (i) Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- (ii) Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Companies Act, 2013, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- (iii) Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- (iv) Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our

conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

- (v) Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- B. We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.
- C. We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

### **Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements:**

- 10. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub section (11) of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013, we give in "Annexure A" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extend applicable.
- 11. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
  - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
  - b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
  - c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss (Including Other Comprehensive Income), Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flow dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
  - d) In our opinion, the aforesaid Ind AS financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended.

- e) On the basis of written representations received from the directors as on 31<sup>st</sup> March 2021 taken on record by the board of directors, none of the directors are disqualified as on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2021 from being appointed as directors in terms of section 164(2) of the Act
- f) .With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in "Annexure B". Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financials controls with reference to financial statements.
- g) With respect to the matter to be included in the Auditor's Report under section 197(16):

In our opinion and according to the information & explanation given to us, the company has not paid managerial remuneration during the year ended Mar31, 2021 and accordingly the limits for payment of managerial remuneration under Sec 197 of the Act are not applicable.

- h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
  - i. The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position;
  - ii. The Company did not have long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
  - iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.

PLACE: BANGALORE

DATE: May 4, 2021

FOR GIRISH MURTHY & KUMAR Chartered Accountants

> BRAHMAV Digitally AR GIRISH signed by BRAHMAVAR RAO GIRISH RAO

Girish Rao B Partner. Membership No: 085745 FRN No.000934S UDIN: 21085745AAAACG3311 "Annexure A" to the Independent Auditor's Report referred to in clause 1 of paragraph on the 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements" of our report of even date to the Standalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended March 31, 2021:

Re: Nadira Properties Private Limited

I. a. The company has maintained proper records showing full particulars including quantitative details and situation of Fixed Assets.

b. The Company has only Land under fixed assets and hence physical verification does not arise.

c. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the company, the title deeds of the immovable properties are held in the name of the Company.

- II. The nature of companies operation does not warrant holding of any stocks. Accordingly paragraph 3 (ii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- III. In our opinion and according to the information and explanation given to us, the Company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured to the companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or other parties listed in the register maintained under section 189 of the Companies Act,2013.
- IV. In our opinion and according to the information and explanation given to us the company has not granted any loan, made any investments, gave any guarantee or provided security in connection with a loan to any other body corporate or person in contravention of section 185 and 186 of the Companies Act,2013.
- V. According to the information and explanation given to us the company has not accepted deposits from the public during the year and as such this clause is not applicable.
- VI. According to the information and explanation given to us the Central Government has not prescribed the maintenance of cost records under section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013 for the activities carried out by the Company, and hence this clause is not applicable.
- VII. a. According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the company examined by us, in our opinion, the Company is generally regular in payment of undisputed statutory dues including income tax, goods and service tax, Professional tax and cess as applicable with appropriate authorities. We are informed by the company that the provisions of Provident Fund Act, Employee state insurance scheme, duty of customs, are not applicable.

b. According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the company examined by us there are no disputed amounts payable in respect of income tax, goods and service tax, Professional tax and cess as applicable as at 31st March 2021.We are informed by the company that the provisions of Provident Fund Act, Employee state insurance scheme, duty of customs, are not applicable.

- VIII. Based on our audit procedures and as per the information and explanations given by the management, we are of the opinion that, the company has not taken any loan from a financial institution or bank or Government or are there any dues to debenture holders. Accordingly reporting requirement under this clause is not applicable.
- IX. The company did not raise any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (Including debt instrument) or has taken term loans during the year. Accordingly, paragraph 3 (ix) of the order is not applicable.
- X. During the course of examination of the books and records of the company, carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India and according to the information and explanations given to us, we have not come across any instance of fraud by the company or on the company by its officers or employees of the company during the year.
- XI. According to the information and explanation given to us and the records of the company examined by us the Company has not paid or provided any managerial Remuneration. Accordingly, paragraph 3 (xi) of the order is not applicable.
- XII. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the company is not a Nidhi Company. Accordingly, paragraph 3 (xii) of the order is not applicable.
- XIII. According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, we are of the opinion that all the transaction with the related parties are in compliance with section 177 and 188 of Companies Act.2013 and the details of the transactions have been disclosed in the Ind AS Financial Statements as per applicable accounting Standards.
- XIV. According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, we are of the opinion that the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly debentures during the year under review.
- XV. According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, we are of the opinion that that the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him. Accordingly, paragraph 3 (xv) of the order is not applicable.
- XVI. According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, we are of the opinion that that the Company is not required to be registered under Section 45 -IA of the Reserve Bank of India.

PLACE: BANGALORE

DATE: May 4, 2021

### FOR GIRISH MURTHY & KUMAR Chartered Accountants BRAHMAVAR GIRISH RAO Digitally signed by BRAHMAVAR GIRISH RAO Date: 2021.05.04 16:11:01 +05'30' Girish Rao B Partner. Membership No: 085745

UDIN: 21085745AAACG3311

FRN No: 000934S

Annexure B to Auditors' Report of even date

### Report on the Internal Controls on Financial Controls under clause (i) of sub-section (3) of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

### Re: Nadira Properties Private Limited

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of Nadira Properties Private Limited ("the Company") as of March31, 2021 in conjunction with our audit of the Standalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

### Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Ind AS financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

### Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

### **Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting**

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

### Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2021, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

PLACE: BANGALORE

DATE: May 4, 2021

FOR GIRISH MURTHY & KUMAR Chartered Accountants

BRAHMAVAR GIRISH RAO Digitally signed by BRAHMAVAR GIRISH RAO Date: 2021.05.04 16:11:35 +05'30'

Girish Rao B Partner. Membership No: 085745 FRN No.000934S UDIN: 21085745AAAACG3311

### Nadira Properties Private Limited CIN: U70109TZ2008PTC022221

Balance Sheet As at March 31, 2021		(A	mount in Rupees
	Notes	As at	As at
	Notes	31-Mar-21	31-Mar-2
Assets			
Non- current assets			
Investment property	3	20,547,676	48,113,624
Non-current tax assets (net)		-	-
Other non-current assets	5	21,385	979,152
		20,569,061	49,092,776
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	4	32,032	35,599
Other current assets	5	-	-
		32,032	35,599
Assets classified as held for disposal	6	19,980,637	-
Fotal assets		40,581,730	49,128,375
Equity and liabilities			
Equity			
Equity share capital	7	10,000,000	10,000,000
Other equity	8	(3,230,745)	10,484
Fotal equity		6,769,255	10,010,484
Current liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
Borrowings	9	28,279,000	37,575,000
Trade payables to MSME	10	20,277,000	57,575,000
Trade payables to other than MSME	10	52,125	188,096
Other financial liabilities	11	91,490	90,000
Other current liabilities	12	5,389,860	1,264,795
Current tax liabilities (net)		-	-,,,,,,,
		33,812,475	39,117,891
Fotal liabilities		33,812,475	39,117,891
Fotal equity and liabilities		40,581,730	49,128,375

Corporate information about the Company Summary of significant accounting policies 1 2

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements. As per our report of even date

### For Girish Murthy & Kumar

Chartered Accountants Firm registration number: 000934S

BRAHMAVAR Digitally signed by BRAHMAVAR GIRISH RAO GIRISH RAO

**B. Girish Rao** Partner Membership No: 85745

Place : Hosur Date : 04th May'2021

### 3-27

For and on behalf of the board of directors of Nadira Properties Private Limited

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**Pandiyan M** Director DIN: 08642405 Purnacha ndra Rao Gollapudi

### Nadira Properties Private Limited CIN: U70109TZ2008PTC022221

Statement of Profit and loss for the Year ended March 31, 2021			(Amount in Rupees)
	Notes	Year Ended	Year ended
Castinging On antique		31-Mar-21	31-Mar-20
Continuing Operations Income			
Other income	13	11,212,031	58,696
Total income (A)	15	11,212,031	<u>58,696</u>
		11,212,031	20,070
Expenses			
Employee benefits expense	14	-	40
Finance cost	16	13,149,733	-
Other expenses	15	1,303,527	366,615
Total expenses (B)		14,453,260	366,655
Deafit / (lass) before acceptional items and tay from continuing			
Profit / (loss) before exceptional items and tax from continuing operations (A-B)		(3,241,229)	(307,959)
Profit / (loss) before tax from continuing operations		(3,241,229)	(307,959)
Tax expenses of continuing operations	17	(-,,)	()
Current tax		-	-
Adjustments of tax relating to earlier periods		-	-
Deferred tax charge/ (credit)		-	-
MAT credit entitlement			-
(Loss) / profit after tax from continuing operations		(3,241,229)	(307,959)
(Loss) / profit for the year		(3,241,229)	(307,959)
Total comprehensive income for the year		(3,241,229)	(307,959)
Total comprehensive income for the year		(3,241,227)	(307,333)
	18	(3.24)	(0.31)
Earnings per equity share ( <b>Rs</b> .) from continuing operations Basic, computed on the basis of profit from continuing operations attributable to equity holders of the parent (per equity share of Rs.10 each) Earnings per equity share (₹) from discontinued operations Basic and diluted, computed on the basis of profit from discontinued	18	-	-
	18	(2.24)	(0.21)
Earnings per equity share ( <b>Rs</b> .) from continuing operations Diluted, computed on the basis of profit attributable to equity holders of the parent (per equity share of Rs.10 each)	10	(3.24)	(0.31)
Corporate information about the Company	1		
Summary of significant accounting policies	2		
The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements.	3-27		
As per our report of even date			
For Girish Murthy & Kumar		For and on behalf of the board	of directors
Chartered Accountants		Nadira Properties Private Limit	ed
Firm registration number: 000934S		<u>^</u>	Durran a cha Digitally signed by Pumachandra Rao
BRAHMAVAR Digitally signed		Pandi Dick Office Pandya M	Purnacha ndra Rao

BRAHMAVAR GIRISH RAO GIRISH RAO

**B. Girish Rao** Partner Membership No: 85745

Place : Hosur Date : 04th May'2021





**Pandiyan M** Director DIN: 08642405

### Nadira Properties Private Limited Statement of changes in equity for the Year ended March 31, 2021

				unt in Rupees)	
	Attr	Attributable to the equity holders			
Particulars	Equity Share Capital	Equity Component of Debentures	Retained earnings	Total Equity	
For the period ended March 31, 202	21			1	
As at April 01,2019	10,000,000	-	10,484	10,010,484	
Profit /(loss) for the year	-	-	(3,241,229)	(3,241,229)	
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	
Total comprehensive income	-	-	(3,230,745)	6,769,255	
Movement during the year	-		-	-	
As at March 31, 2021	10,000,000	-	(3,230,745)	6,769,255	
For the year ended March 31, 2020					
As at April 01,2019	10,000,000	-	318,443	10,318,443	
Profit /(loss) for the year	-	-	(307,959)	(307,959)	
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	
Total comprehensive income	-	-	10,484	10,010,484	
Movement during the year	-	-	-	-	
As at March 31, 2020	10,000,000	-	10,484	10,010,484	

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

As per our report of even date

### For Girish Murthy & Kumar

Chartered Accountants Firm registration number: 000934S BRAHMAVA Digitally signed R GIRISH RAO BRAHMAVAR RAO GIRISH RAO B. Girish Rao Partner Membership No: 85745

Place : Hosur Date : 04th May'2021 For and on behalf of the board of directors Nadira Properties Private Limited

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**Pandiyan M** Director DIN: 08642405



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### Nadira Properties Private Limited Cash flow statement for the Year ended March 31, 2021

		mount in Rupees)
	Year ended	Year ended
	31-Mar-21	31-Mar-20
Cash flow from operating activities	(3,241,229)	(307,959)
Profit before tax		
Adjustments to reconcile profit before tax to net cash flows:		
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment		
Gain/ (loss) on disposal of Assets	(11,212,031)	(56,196)
Gain/ (loss) on disposal of investments		
Finance income (including fair value change in financial instruments)		
Finance costs (including fair value change in financial instruments)		
Bad debts/ advances written off and provided for	957,767	
Liabilities/ provisions no longer required written back	-	(2,500)
Working capital adjustments:		
(Increase)/ decrease in short term loans & advances	-	-
(Increase)/ decrease in other financial and non-financial assets	-	6,608
Increase/ (decrease) in trade payables and other financial liabilities	1,490	(5,084)
Increase/ (decrease) in other current assets	-	39,865
(Increase)/ decrease in assets held for sale	-	-
Increase/ (decrease) in other current liabilities	4,125,065	(81,093)
Increase/ (decrease) in provisions	-	-
Increase/ (decrease) in Trade payables	(135,971)	190,596
Increase/ (decrease) in other non-financial liabilities	-	-
Loans and Advances		-
	(9,504,909)	(215,763)
Income tax paid (net of refund)	-	-
Net cash flows from/ (used in) operating activities (A)	(9,504,909)	(215,763)
Investing activities		
Purchase of property, plant and equipment (including capital work-in-progress and capital advances)	-	(100,000)
Proceeds from sale of investment property, plant and equipment	18,797,342	391,500
Increase/ (decrease) in long term loans and advances	-	1,550,000
Interest received		
Net cash flows from/ (used in) investing activities (B)	18,797,342	1,841,500
Financing activities		
Proceeds from short term borrowings	(9,296,000)	(1,625,000)
Net cash flows from/ (used in) financing activities (C)	(9,296,000)	(1,625,000)
Net increase/ (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(3,567)	737
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	35,599	34,862
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	32,032	35,599
Components of cash and cash equivalents		
Cash on hand	17	407
Balances with scheduled banks:		
In current accounts	32,015	35,192
In deposit accounts	-	
Less - Bank overdraft		
Less - Daire Overdraft	32,032	35,599
Total cash and cash equivalents (note 4)	52,052	
	52,052	
	1	
Total cash and cash equivalents (note 4)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

As per our report of even date For Girish Murthy & Kumar Chartered Accountants Firm registration number: 000934S

BRAHMAVAR GIRISH RAO GIRISH RAO

**B. Girish Rao** Partner **Membership No: 85745** 

Place : Hosur Date : 04th May'2021 For and on behalf of the board of directors Nadira Properties Private Limited



Pandiyan M Director DIN: 08642405 Purnachan dra Rao Gollapudi

### Nadira Properties Private Limited Notes to financial statements for the Year ended March 31, 2021

### 3 Investment Pro mont

Investment Property			(Am	ount in Rupees)
	Freehold land	Buildings	Plant and machinery	Total
Cost				
At April 1,2019	47,588,928	-	-	47,588,928
Additions	860,000	-	-	860,000
Disposals	(335,304)	-	-	(335,304)
At March 31, 2020	48,113,624	-	-	48,113,624
Additions	-			-
Disposals	(7,585,311)			(7,585,311)
Assets-Held for Sale	(19,980,637)			(19,980,637)
At March 31, 2021	20,547,676	-	-	20,547,676
Net Book value				
At March 31, 2021	20,547,676	-	-	20,547,676
At March 31, 2020	48,113,624	-	-	48,113,624
At April 1,2019	47,588,928	-	-	47,588,928

	(Amo	ount in Rupees)
Information regarding income and expenditure of Investment property	31-Mar-21	31-Mar-20
Rental income derived from investment properties	-	-
Direct operating expenses (including repairs and maintenance) generating rental income	-	-
Direct operating expenses (including repairs and maintenance) that did not generate rental income	-	-
Profit arising from investment properties before depreciation and indirect expenses	-	-
Less – Depreciation	-	-
Profit arising from investment properties before indirect expenses	-	-

Notes:

As at 31st March 2021, the fair value of the investment property Rs 5.622 Crore (March 31,2020: 14.465 Crores). The fair value is based on accredited independent valuer.

### Description of valuation techniques used and key inputs to valuation on investment properties:

Investment Properties	Investment Properties Valuation technique Significant unobservable inputs		Valuation technique Significant unobservable inputs Ra		Valuation technique	Range (weighte	d average)
nivestillent Froperties	valuation technique	Significant unobservable inputs	31-Mar-21	31-Mar-2			
Note:The company owned 15.220 (March'20- 34.74) Acres of land under the jurisdiction of Shoolagiri Sub-registrar office in Krishnagiri District of Tamil Nadu, as on balance sheet date 31st March 2021. Out of this 5.460 acres of land has been mortgaged to ICICI Bank as security by way of leposit of title deeds for the non-convertible debentures ssued to the bank by holding company GMR Infrastructure .imited (GIL). The estimated market value of the land is &s. 5.622 crores (as on 31st March 2020 - Rs.14.465 crores). The management doesn't foresee any loss in the value of the property due to this acquisition.	Sales Comparison Method (Market Approach.)	Nill	-	-			
The company owned 34.74 acres of land during the FY2019-20 Land. As on 31st March'2021 the company has 15.220 acres o	- 1,	old 4.95 acres of land and reclassified as a	sset held for sale 14.5	570 acres of			

changed materially as on 31.03.2021 and retain the value of properties same as December 2020

		No	on-current	Cı	irrent
		31-Mar-21	31-Mar-20	31-Mar-21	31-Mar-20
Balances with banks:					
- On current accounts		-	-	32,015	35,192
- Deposits with less than three months maturity		-	-	-	-
Cash on hand		-	-	17	407
	(A)	-	-	32,032	35,599
Bank Balance other than cash and cash equivalents					
- Deposits with maturity for more than 12 months		-	-	-	-
- Deposits with maturity for more than 3 months but le	ess than 12 months	-	-	-	-
<ul> <li>Margin money deposit</li> </ul>		-	-	-	-
	<b>(B)</b>	-	-	-	-
Total	(A+B)	-	-	32,032	35,599
For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash an	d cash equivalents comprise the following:				unt in Rupees)
				31-Mar-21	31-Mar-20
Balances with banks:					
– On current accounts				32,015	35,192
<ul> <li>Deposits with less than three months maturity</li> </ul>				52,015	55,192
Cash on hand				17	407
Less : Bank overdrafts				-	-
			_	32,032	35,599
Other assets				(Amo	unt in Rupees)
		No	on-current		irrent
		31-Mar-21	31-Mar-20	31-Mar-21	31-Mar-20
Canital advances			0.55 5/5		
Capital advances					
Unsecured, considered good		-	957,767	-	-
Unsecured, considered good Advances recoverable in cash or kind		-	957,767	-	-
Unsecured, considered good Advances recoverable in cash or kind Unsecured considered good		-	- 957,767	-	-
Unsecured, considered good		-	-	-	-
Unsecured, considered good Advances recoverable in cash or kind Unsecured considered good		-		-	-
Unsecured, considered good Advances recoverable in cash or kind Unsecured considered good Doubtful Less: Provision for doubtful advances			957,767	-	- - - -
Unsecured, considered good Advances recoverable in cash or kind Unsecured considered good Doubtful Less: Provision for doubtful advances Others			-		
Unsecured, considered good Advances recoverable in cash or kind Unsecured considered good Doubtful Less: Provision for doubtful advances Others Prepaid expenses		-	-		
Unsecured, considered good Advances recoverable in cash or kind Unsecured considered good Doubtful Less: Provision for doubtful advances Others Prepaid expenses Balances with statutory/government authorities			-		
Unsecured, considered good Advances recoverable in cash or kind Unsecured considered good Doubtful Less: Provision for doubtful advances		21385	21,385		
Unsecured, considered good Advances recoverable in cash or kind Unsecured considered good Doubtful Less: Provision for doubtful advances Others Prepaid expenses Balances with statutory/government authorities		-	-		

### 6 Assets classified as held for disposal

5

			(Amo	ount in Rupees)	
	Non-cur	Non-current		Current	
	31-Mar-21	31-Mar-20	31-Mar-21	31-Mar-20	
Assets Classified as Held for Sale			19,980,637	-	
	<u> </u>		19,980,637		

During the FY 2020-21 the company has proposed to sell 14.570 acres of land to SIPCOT, cost of these lands are reclassified as assets held for sale. Out of this zero acres of land has been mortgaged to ICICI Bank as security by way of deposit of title deeds for the non-convertible debentures issued to the bank by holding company GMR Infrastructure Limited.

### Nadira Properties Private Limited Notes to financial statements for the Year ended March 31, 2021

7 Share Capital	(Amou	nt in Rupees)
	31-Mar-21	31-Mar-20
Authorised shares		
10,00,000 (March 31, 2020: 10,00,000) equity shares of Rs. 10 each	10.000.000	10,000,000
	,,	,,
Issued, subscribed and fully paid-up shares		
10,00,000 (March 31, 2020: 10,00,000) equity shares of Rs. 10,00,000 each	10,000,000	10,000,000
	10,000,000	10,000,000

(a) Reconciliation of the shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting year

	31-Ma	r-21	31-Mar-20	
	No of Shares in Units	(Amount in Rupees)	No of Shares in Units	(Amount in Rupees)
Equity shares				
At the beginning of the year	1,000,000	10,000,000	1,000,000	10,000,000
Issued during the year				
Outstanding at the end of the year				
	1,000,000	10,000,000	1,000,000	10,000,000

### (b) Terms/ rights attached to equity shares

The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of Rs. 10 per share. Every member holding equity shares shall have voting rights in proportion to his shares fo the paid up equity share capital.

In event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares would be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

### (c) Shares held by holding/ ultimate holding company and/ or their subsidiaries/ associates

Out of equity shares issued by the company, shares held by its holding company, ultimate holding company and their subsidiaries/ associates are as below:

				int in Rupees)
			31-Mar-21	31-Mar-2
GMR SEZ & Port Holding Limited (Formely known as GMR SEZ & Port Holding Pvt Ltd )and its nominees, the immediate holding company. 1,000,000 (March 2020: 1,000,000) Equity Shares of Rs.10 each fully paid up			10,000,000	10,000,00
(d) Details of shareholders holding more than $5\%$ shares in the company				
	31-Ma	ar-21	31-Mar	-20
Name of shareholder	No of Shares in Units	% holding	No of Shares in Units	% holding
Equity shares of Rs.10 each fully paid up GMR SEZ & Port Holding Limited (Formely known as GMR SEZ & Port				
Holding Pvt Ltd )and its nominees, the immediate holding company.	1,000,000	100.00%	1,000,000	100.004
	aration received from shareh	olders regarding	beneficial interest, tl	he above
shareholding represent both legal and beneficial ownership of shares.	aration received from shareh	olders regarding		
shareholding represent both legal and beneficial ownership of shares.	aration received from shareh	olders regarding		unt in Rupee
shareholding represent both legal and beneficial ownership of shares. Other equity	aration received from shareh	olders regarding	(Amo	unt in Rupee
shareholding represent both legal and beneficial ownership of shares. Other equity Equity Component of Debentures Balance at the beginning of the year	aration received from shareh	olders regarding	(Amo	unt in Rupee
shareholding represent both legal and beneficial ownership of shares. Other equity Equity Component of Debentures Balance at the beginning of the year Movement during the year	aration received from shareh	olders regarding	(Amo	unt in Rupee
shareholding represent both legal and beneficial ownership of shares. Other equity Equity Component of Debentures Balance at the beginning of the year Movement during the year Closing balance	aration received from shareh	olders regarding	(Amo	unt in Rupee
shareholding represent both legal and beneficial ownership of shares. Other equity Equity Component of Debentures Balance at the beginning of the year Movement during the year Closing balance Surplus in the statement of profit and loss	aration received from shareh	olders regarding	(Amoo 31-Mar-21 - -	unt in Rupee 31-Mar-2
shareholding represent both legal and beneficial ownership of shares. Other equity Equity Component of Debentures Balance at the beginning of the year Movement during the year Closing balance Surplus in the statement of profit and loss Balance at the beginning of the year	aration received from shareh	olders regarding	(Amo	<u>unt in Rupees</u> <u>31-Mar-2</u> 318,443
Note : As per records of the Company, including its register of shareholders/ members and other deck shareholding represent both legal and beneficial ownership of shares. Other equity Equity Component of Debentures Balance at the beginning of the year Movement during the year Closing balance Surplus in the statement of profit and loss Balance at the beginning of the year Profit/(loss) for the year Net surplus in the statement of profit and loss	aration received from shareh	olders regarding	(Amoo 31-Mar-21	he above unt in Rupees 31-Mar-2       

inancial Liabilities-Borrowings	(Amount in Rupe		
	Current		
	31-Mar-21	31-Mar-19	
Loans from group company (unsecured)	28,279,000	37,575,000	
	28,279,000	37,575,000	
The above amount includes			
Secured borrowings	-	-	
Unsecured borrowings	28,279,000	37,575,000	
	28,279,000	37,575,000	

As on 31st March 2020, the company had a loan of Rs 37,575,000 from its holding company M/s GMR SEZ & Port Holdings Ltd (GSPHL) for a period of 12 months. During current financial year 2020-21, the company has further taken a loan of Rs. 2,27,000 for a period of 12 months from GSPHL and repaid an amount of Rs 95,23,000. As on 31st March 2021, the outstanding Loan amount was Rs 28,279,000

During the financial year 2020-21 company has amended the loan agreement to the effect that the company would pay one time interest on the borrowingbased on the terms and conditions of the monetization of its lands during the year. Accordingly, the company has paid Rs. 13,147,429 /- towards interest.GMR SEZ & Port Holding Limited will continue the interest free loan till further monetization of land and based on agreed terms.

### 10 Trade payables

				int in Rupees)
		Non-current		
	31-Mar-21	31-Mar-20	31-Mar-21	31-Mar-20
Trade payables				
- Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	-	-	-
- Total outstanding dues of creditors micro enterprises and small enterprises-Related parties		-	-	-
Total "A"		-	-	-
- Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	-	28,320	28,320
- Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises-Related parties		-	23,805	159,776
Total "B"		-	52,125	188,096
Other financial liabilities				int in Rupees)
	N 31-Mar-21	Non-current 31-Mar-20	0 31-Mar-21	Current 31-Mar-20
Non-trade payables (Group Companies)			-	-
Non-trade payables		-	91,490 91,490	90,000 90,000
	<u> </u>	-	91,490	90,000
Other liabilities			(Amou	int in Rupees)
	1	Non-current	(	Current
	31-Mar-21	31-Mar-20	31-Mar-21	31-Mar-20
Advance received from customers		-	4,403,750	1,250,000
Statutory dues payable		-	986,110	14,795
	-	-	5,389,860	1,264,795

### Nadira Properties Private Limited

Notes to financial statements for the Year ended March 31, 2021

Other income	(A	mount in Rupees)
	31-Mar-21	31-Mar-20
Interest income on		
Profit on sale of fixed assets	11,212,031	56,196
Other Income - Liabilities no longer required	-	2,500
Other non-operating income	-	-
	11,212,031	58,696

### 14 Employee Benifit Expenses

		(Amount in Rupees)
	31-Mar-21	31-Mar-20
Staff welfare expenses	-	40
	-	40

Other expenses		Amount in Rupees
	31-Mar-21	31-Mar-20
Rates and taxes	6,205	37,785
Security expenses	_	-
Legal and professional fees	311,235	288,693
Bad debts / adv w/off	957,767	-
Brokerage and commission	-	8,200
Travelling and conveyance	-	2,552
Payment to auditors (refer details below)	28,320	28,320
Printing and stationery	-	1,065
Loss on Sale of FA	-	
Bank charges	-	-
Miscellaneous expenses	-	
	1,303,527	366,615
		· · · · ·
Payment to auditors		
As auditor:		
Audit fee	11,800	11,800
Limited Review	16,520	16,520
	28,320	28,320
Finance cost	-	- Amount in Rupees
Thunce cost	31-Mar-21	31-Mar-2
Interest cost	13,147,429	-
Interest on delayed statutory payments	2,304	-
Bank charges	-	-
	13,149,733	-

7	Income tax expenses in the statement of profit and loss consist of the following:		(Amount in Rupees)
		31-Mar-21	31-Mar-20
	Tax expenses		
	Current tax	-	-
	Deferred tax	-	-
	Total taxes		-

### 18 Earnings per share ['EPS']

Basic EPS amounts are calculated by dividing the profit/(loss) for the year attributable to equity holders of the parent by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted EPS amounts are calculated by dividing the profit attributable to equity holders of the parent (after adjusting for interest on the convertible preference shares) by the weighted average number of Equity shares outstanding during the year plus the weighted average number of Equity shares that would be issued on conversion of all the dilutive potential Equity shares into Equity shares.

### The following reflects the income and share data used in the basic and diluted EPS computations:

	31-Mar-21	31-Mar-20
Profit after tax attributable to shareholders of the parent (Amount in Rupees) Continuing operations (Amount in Rupees)	(3,241,229)	(307,959)
Discontinued operations (Amount in Rupees)	-	-
Profit attributable to equity shareholders of the parent for basic/diluted earnings per share (Amount in Rupees)	(3,241,229)	(307,959)
Weighted average number of equity shares of Rs.10 each outstanding during the period used in calculating basic and diluted earnings per share (No of Shares in units)	1,000,000	1,000,000
Earnings per share for continuing operations -Basic (Rs. in units) Earnings per share for discontinued operations -Basic and Diluted (Rs. in units) Earnings per share for continuing operations -Diluted (Rs. in units)	(3.24)	(0.31)

### Nadira Properties Private Limited Notes to financial statements for the Year ended March 31, 2021

### 1 Corporate Information

Nadira Properties Private Limited domiciled in India and incorporated on 4th April, 2008. The company is in the business of dealing in real estate, property development, estate agency to acquire by purchase, exchange, net or otherwise deal in lands, buildings or any estate or interest therein and any rights over or connected with lands so situated and laying out, developing land for industrial purpose, building and preparing sites by planting, paving, drawing and by constructing offices, flats, service flats, hotels, warehouses, shopping and commercial complexes, by leasing, letting or renting, selling( by instalments, ownership, hire purchase basis or otherwise or disposing of the same). The company's Holding company is GMR SEZ and Port Holding Limited and ultimate holding company is GMR Infrastructure Limited/GMR Enterprises Private Limited.

The registered office of the company is located in Hosur in Tamilnadu, India.

Information on other related party relationships of the Company is provided in Note 19

The financial statements were approved for issue in accordance with a resolution of the directors on 04th May'2021.

### 2 Significant accounting policies

### A Basis of preparation

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS), under the historical cost convention on the accrual basis except for certain financial instruments which are measured at fair values, the provisions of Companies Act, 2013 (the 'Act') (to the extent notified). The Ind AS are prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with Rule 3 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and relevant amendment rules issued thereafter.

Accounting policies have been consistently applied except where a newly issued accounting standard is initially adopted or a revision to an existing accounting standard requires a change in the accounting policy hitherto in use.

The financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees (INR).

### B Summary of significant accounting policies

### a) Current versus Non-current classification

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/ non-current classification. An asset is treated as current when it is:

i) Expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle

- ii) Held primarily for the purpose of trading
- iii) Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- iv) Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period

All other assets are classified as non-current. A liability is current when it is:

i) It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle

ii)It is held primarily for the purpose of trading

ii)It is held primarily for the purpose of trading

iii)It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or

iv)There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period

All other liabilities are classified as non-current. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities. The operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents. The Company has identified twelve months as its operating cycle.

### **b** Property, Plant and Equipments

Recognition:

The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment shall be recognised as an asset if, and only if: (a) it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the entity; and

(b) the cost of the item can be measured reliably.

Fixed Assets are stated at acquisition cost less accumulated depreciation and cumulative impairment. Such cost includes the expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the plant and equipment and borrowing costs for long-term construction projects if the recognition criteria are met.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of any component accounted for as a separate asset are derecognised when replaced. Further, when each major inspection is performed, its cost is recognised in the carrying amount of the item of property, plant and equipment as a replacement if the recognition criteria are satisfied. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit and loss during the reporting period in which they are incurred.

An item of property, plant and equipment and any significant part initially recognised is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the statement of profit and loss when the asset is derecognised.

The residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

### c) Depreciation on Property, Plant and Equipment

Depreciation on the Property plant and equipment is calculated on a straight-line basis using the rates arrived at, based on useful lives estimated by the management, which coincides with

the lives prescribed under Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013 except for assets individually costing less than Rs. 5,000 which are fully depreciated in the year of acquisition.

The management believes that these estimated useful lives are realistic and reflect fair approximation of the period over which the assets are likely to be used. The residual values, useful lives and method of depreciation of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

Depreciation charges for impaired assets is adjusted in future periods in such a manner that revised carrying amount of the asset is allocated over its remaining useful life.

### d) Investment properties

Since there is no change in the functional currency, the Company has elected to continue with the carrying value for all of its investment property as recognised in its Indian GAAP financial statements as deemed cost at the transition date, viz., 1st April 2015.

Investment properties are measured initially at cost, including transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment loss, if any.

The cost includes the cost of replacing parts and borrowing costs for long-term construction projects if the recognition criteria are met. When significant parts of the investment property are required to be replaced at intervals, the Company depreciates them separately based on their specific useful lives. All other repair and maintenance costs are recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

Depreciation is recognised using straight line method so as to write off the cost of investment property less their residual values over their useful lives specified in schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013, or in the case of assets where useful life was determined by technical evaluation, over the life so determined. Depreciation method is reviewed at each financial year end to reflect the expected pattern of consumption of the future benefits embodied in the investment property. Freehold land and properties under construction are not depreciated.

Though the Company measures investment property using cost based measurement, the fair value of investment property is disclosed in the notes. Fair values are determined based on an

annual evaluation performed by an accredited external independent valuer applying a valuation model recommended by the International Valuation Standards Committee.

Investment properties are derecognised either when they have been disposed of or when they are permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefit is expected from their disposal.

The difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is recognised in profit or loss in the period of derecognition.

### e) Intangible assets

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. The cost of intangible assets acquired in a business combination is their fair value at the date of acquisition. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Internally generated intangibles, excluding capitalised development costs, are not capitalised and the related expenditure is reflected in profit or loss in the period in which the expenditure is incurred.

Intangible assets include software and their useful lives are assessed as either finite or indefinite.

### f) Amortisation of intangible assets

Intangible assets with finite lives are amortised over the useful economic life and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. The amortisation period and the amortisation method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life are reviewed at least at the end of each reporting period. Changes in the expected useful life or the expected pattern of consumption of future economic benefits embodied in the asset are considered to modify the amortisation period or method, as appropriate, and are treated as changes in accounting estimates. The amortisation expense on intangible assets with finite lives is recognised in the statement of profit and loss unless such expenditure forms part of carrying value of another asset.

Intangible assets like the Software licence are amortised over the useful life of 6 years as estimated by the management.

### g) Borrowing cost

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalised as part of the cost of the asset. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they occur. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds. Borrowing cost also includes exchange differences to the extent regarded as an adjustment to the borrowing costs.

### h) Impairment of non-financial assets

As at the end of each accounting year, the Company reviews the carrying amounts of its PPE, investment properties, intangible assets and investments in associates and joint ventures determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If such indication exists, the said assets are tested for impairment so as to determine the impairment loss, if any. Goodwill and the intangible assets with indefinite life are tested for impairment each year.

Impairment loss is recognised when the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. Recoverable amount is determined: (i) in case of an individual asset, at the higher of the net selling price and the value in use; and (ii) in case of a cash generating unit (a group of assets that generates identified, independent cash flows), at the higher of the cash generating unit's net selling price and the value in use.

(The amount of value in use is determined as the present value of estimated future cash flows from the continuing use of an asset and from its disposal at the end of its useful life. For this purpose, the discount rate (pre-tax) is determined based on the weighted average cost of capital of the company suitably adjusted for risks specified to the estimated cash flows of the asset).

For this purpose, a cash generating unit is ascertained as the smallest identifiable group of assets that generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

If recoverable amount of an asset (or cash generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, such deficit is recognised immediately in the consolidated statement of Profit and Loss as impairment loss and the carrying amount of the asset (or cash generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. For this purpose, the impairment loss recognised in respect of a cash generating unit is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to such cash generating unit and then to reduce the carrying amount of the other assets of the cash generating unit on a pro-rata basis.

When an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss is recognised for the asset (or cash generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in the consolidated statement of profit and loss.

### i) Provisions, Contingent liabilities, Contingent assets, and Commitments

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. When the Company expects some or all of a provision to be reimbursed, for example, under an insurance contract, the reimbursement is recognised as a separate asset, but only when the reimbursement is virtually certain. The expense relating to a provision is presented in the statement of profit and loss net of any reimbursement.

If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, when appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost."

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events whose existence will be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events beyond the control of the Group or a present obligation that is not recognized because it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation. A contingent liability also arises in extremely rare cases where there is a liability that cannot be recognized because it cannot be measured reliably. The Company does not recognize a contingent liability but discloses its existence in the financial statements.

Commitments include the amount of purchase order (net of advances) issued to parties for completion of assets

Provisions, contingent liabilities, contingent assets and commitments are reviewed at each balance sheet date

### j) Financial Intruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contract embodying the related financial instruments. All financial assets, financial liabilities and financial guarantee contracts are initially measured at transaction cost and where such values are different from the fair value, at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit and loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value measured on initial recognition of financial asset or financial liability. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets and financial liability assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit and loss are immediately recognised in the statement of profit and loss. In case of interest free or concession loans/debentures/preference shares given to associates and joint ventures, the excess of the actual amount of the loan over initial measure at fair value is accounted as an equity investment.

Investment in equity instruments issued by associates and joint ventures are measured at cost less impairment.

### Effective Interest Method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial instrument and of allocating interest income or expense over the relevant period. The effective

interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts future cash receipts or payments through the expected life of the financial instrument, or where appropriate, a shorter period.

### a) Financial Assets

### Financial Assets at amortised cost

Financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost if these financial assets are held within a business model whose objective is to hold these assets in order to collect contractual

cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

### Financial Assets measured at fair value

"Financial assets are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income if these financial assets are held within a business model whose objective is to hold these assets in order to collect contractual cash flows or to sell these financial assets and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial asset not measured at amortised cost or at fair value through other comprehensive income is carried at fair value through the statement of profit and loss.

### Impairment of financial assets

"Loss allowance for expected credit losses is recognised for financial assets measured at amortised cost and fair value through profit or loss.

For financial assets whose credit risk has not significantly increased since initial recognition, loss allowance equal to twelve months expected credit losses is recognised. Loss allowance equal to the lifetime expected credit losses is recognised if the credit risk on the financial instruments has significantly increased since initial recognition."

### De-recognition of financial assets

The Company de-recognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or it transfers the financial asset and the transfer qualifies for de-recognition under Ind AS 109.

If the Company neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the Company recognises its retained interest in the assets and an associated liability for amounts it may have to pay.

If the Company retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred financial asset, the Company continues to recognise the financial asset and also recognises a collateralised borrowing for the proceeds received.

On de-recognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the carrying amount measured at the date of de-recognition and the consideration received is recognised in statement of profit or loss.

For trade and other receivables maturing within one year from the balance sheet date, the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to the short maturity of these instruments.

### b) Financial liabilities and equity intruments

### Classification as debt or equity

Financial liabilities and equity instruments issued by the Company are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument

### **Equity Instruments**

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Company after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

### Financial Liabilities

Financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method where the time value of money is significant. Interest bearing bank loans, overdrafts and issued debt are initially measured at fair value and are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the settlement or redemption of borrowings is recognised over the term of the borrowings in the statement of profit and loss.

For trade and other payables maturing within one year from the balance sheet date, the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to the short maturity of these instruments.

### a. Financial Guarantee Contracts

Financial guarantee contracts issued by the Company are those contracts that require a payment to be made to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because the specified debtor fails to make a payment when due in accordance with the terms of a debt instrument. Financial guarantee contracts are recognised initially as a liability at fair value, adjusted for transaction costs that are directly attributable to the issuance of the guarantee.

b. De-recognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the de-recognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

### Off-setting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

### k) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalent in the balance sheet comprise cash at banks and on hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and short-term deposits, as defined above, net of outstanding bank overdrafts as they are considered an integral part of the Company's cash management.

### 1) Fair Value Measurement

The Company measures financial instruments at fair value at each balance sheet date.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

i) In the principal market for the asset or liability, or

ii) In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the company.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

"A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs"

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

Level 1 - Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities

Level 2 - Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable

Level 3 — Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Company determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by reassessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period."

The Company determines the policies and procedures for both recurring fair value measurement, such as derivative instruments and unquoted financial assets measured at fair value, and for non-recurring measurement, such as assets held for distribution in discontinued operations. The Valuation Committee comprises of the head of the investment properties segment, heads of the Company's internal mergers and acquisitions team, the head of the risk management department, financial controllers and chief finance officer.

External valuers are involved for valuation of significant assets, such as properties and unquoted financial assets, and significant liabilities, such as contingent consideration. Selection criteria include market knowledge, reputation, independence and whether professional standards are maintained. Valuers are normally rotated every three years.

At each reporting date, the Company analyses the movements in the values of assets and liabilities which are required to be remeasured or re-assessed as per the Company's accounting policies. For this analysis, the Company verifies the major inputs applied in the latest valuation by agreeing the information in the valuation computation to contracts and other relevant documents.

The Company, in conjunction with the Company's external valuers, also compares the change in the fair value of each asset and liability with relevant external sources to determine whether the change is reasonable.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Company has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above.

This note summarises accounting policy for fair value.

### m) Revenue recognition Under Ind AS 115 for companies where there is no contract with customer.

The Company applied Ind AS 115 for the first time from April 1, 2018. Ind AS 115 supersedes Ind AS 11 Construction Contracts and Ind AS 18 Revenue. Revenue is recognized on

transfer of control of goods and services to the customer at the amount to which the company expects to be entitled. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the

consideration received or receivable, taking into account contractually defined terms of payment and excluding taxes or duties collected on behalf of the government. In current financial year, Company does not have any revenue arising from contract with customers and thus there is no impact on the financial statements of the company on account this new revenue recognition standard.

### Interest Income

"For all debt instruments measured either at amortised cost or at fair value through other comprehensive income, interest income is recorded using the effective interest rate (EIR). EIR is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash payments or receipts over the expected life of the financial instrument or a shorter period, where appropriate, to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset or to the amortised cost of a financial liability. When calculating the effective interest rate, the Company estimates the expected cash flows by considering all the contractual terms of the financial instrument (for example, prepayment, extension, call and similar options) but does not consider the expected credit losses. Interest income is included in finance income in the statement of profit and loss.

Other interest income is recognized on a time proportion basis taking into account the amount outstanding and the rate applicable."

### Dividends

"Revenue is recognised when the Company's right to receive the payment is established, which is generally when shareholders approve the dividend."

### n) Taxes

Tax expense comprises current and deferred tax.

### **Current Income Tax**

"Current income tax is measured at the amount expected to be paid to the tax authorities in accordance with the Income Tax Act, 1961

Current income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted, at the reporting date.

Current income tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss (either in other comprehensive income or in equity). Current tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in OCI or directly in equity. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate."

### Deferred Tax

Deferred tax is the tax expected to be payable or recoverable on differences between the carrying values of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of the taxable profit and is accounted for using the balance sheet liability model. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all the taxable temporary differences. In contrast, deferred tax assets are only recognised to the extent that is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss (either in other comprehensive income or in equity). Deferred tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in OCI or directly in equity.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxabin authority.

Deferred tax assets include Minimum Alternative Tax ('MAT') paid in accordance with the tax law in India, which is likely to give future economic benefits in form of availability of set off against future income tax liability. Accordingly, MAT is recognised as deferred tax assets in balance sheet when the assets can be measured reliably and it is probable that future economic benefit associated with the assets will be realised.

### o) Corporate Social Responsibility ("CSR") expenditure

The Company charges its CSR expenditure, if any, during the year to the statement of profit and loss

### 19 Related Party Disclosure

### a List of related parties

Enterprises that control the Company GMR SEZ & Port Holdings Limited (GSPHPL) (Holding Company) GMR Infrastructure Limited (GIL) GMR Enterprises Private Limited (GEPL)

### Fellow Subsidiary Companies

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Mr. Pandiyan M         Mr. C Purnachandra Rao         Summary of transactions with the above related parties is as follows:         Particulars       31-Mar-21         Issue / (Redemption) of 0% (2017 : 12.25% Cumulative Optional Convertible Debentures) compulsory       31-Mar-21         Convertible Debentures			
Mr. G Purnachandra Rao Summary of transactions with the above related parties is as follows:          Particulars       31-Mar-20         Issue / (Redemption) of 0% (2017 : 12.25% Cumulative Optional Convertible Debentures) compulsory       (39,200,000)         Reindoursement of TDS to-       (39,200,000)        Fellow subsidiary - Anartya       -         -Fellow subsidiary - Anartya       -         -Fellow subsidiary - Anartya       -         -Interest on Loan taken from:       -         - Interprises that Control the Company - GSPHPL       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company - GSPHPL       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company - GSPHPL       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company - GSPHPL       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company - GSPHPL       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company - GSPHPL       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company - GSPHPL       (9,523,000)         - Enterprises that Control the Company - GSPHPL       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company - GSPHPL       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company - GSPHPL       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company - GSPHPL       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company - GSPHPL       -         - Fellow subsidiary - RSPL       -         - Fell			
Summary of transactions with the above related parties is as follows:       31-Mar-21       31-Mar-20         Particulars       31-Mar-21       31-Mar-20         Issue / (Redemption) of 0% (2017 : 12.25% Cumulative Optional Convertible Debentures) compulsory       .       .         Convertible Debentures       .       .       .         Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHL       .       .       .         Fellow subsidiary – RPPL       .       .       .       .         - Fellow subsidiary – Amartya       .			
Issue / (Redemption) of 0% (2017 : 12.25% Cumulative Optional Convertible Debentures) compulsory			
Convertible Debentures       (39,200,00)         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHL       (39,200,00)         Reimbursement of TDS to :       (39,200,00)         - Fellow subsidiary – RPPL       (39,200,00)         - Fellow subsidiary – Amartya       (39,200,00)         Interest on Loan taken from:       (31,200,00)         - Interprises that Control the Company – GSPHL       (31,47429)         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHPL       (1,800,000)         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHPL       (1,800,000)         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHPL       (1,800,000)         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHPL       (2,7,000)         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHPL       (2,7,000)         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHPL       (2,523,000)         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHPL       (31,47,571)         Other Expenses to:       (1,400,000)         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHPL       (1,4,571)         Other Expenses to:       (1,400,000)         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHPL       (1,4,571)         Outstanding Balances at the year-end :       (31,472)         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHL       (1,2,57,000)         - Enterprises that Co		31-Mar-21	31-Mar-20
-       Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHL       .       (39,200,000)         Reimbursement of TDS to :-       .       .         -       Fellow subsidiary – RPPL       .       .         -       .       .       .       .         Interest on Loan taken from:       .       .       .       .         -       Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHL       .       .       .       .         -       Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHL       . </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>			
Reimbursement of TDS to :-       -         -Fellow subsidiary - RPPPL       -         -Fellow subsidiary - Amartya       -         - Fellow subsidiary - RPPTL       -         - Fellow subsidiary - RPPTL       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company - GSPHPL       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company - GSPHPL       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company - GSPHPL       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company - GSPHPL       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company - GSPHPL       (1,800,000)         - Enterprises that Control the Company - GSPHPL       (227,000)         - Enterprises that Control the Company - GSPHPL       (9,523,000)         Reimbursement of expenses:-       -         - Fellow subsidiary - BPPL       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company - GSPHPL       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company - GSPHPL       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company - GSPHPL       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company - GSPHPL       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company - GSPHPL       -         - Fellow subsidiary - RSSL       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company - GSPHL       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company - GSPHL       -			(39,200,000)
- Fellow subsidiary – Amartya       -       410         Interest on Loan taken from:       -       410         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHL       13147429       -         Loan given /(Refunded) :       -       250,000         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHPL       -       (1,800,000)         Loan taken from/(Refunded) to :       -       (1,800,000)         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHPL       (9,523,000)       37,575,000         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHPL       (9,523,000)       -         Reimbursement of expenses:-       (9,523,000)       -       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHPL       -       -       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHPL       -       -       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHPL       -       -       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHPL       -       -       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHPL       -       -       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHPL       -       -       -         - Fellow subsidiary – RSSL       -       -       -       -         Outstanding Balances at the year-end :			(5),200,000)
Interest on Loan taken from:       13147429         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHD       13147429         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHPL       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHPL       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHPL       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHPL       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHPL       227,000         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHPL       (9,523,000)         - Fellow subsidiary – BPPL       -         - Fellow subsidiary – BPPL       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHPL       -         - Fellow subsidiary – BPPL       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHPL       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHPL       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHPL       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHPL       -         - Fellow subsidiary – RSSL       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHPL       10,000,000         - Fellow subsidiary – RSSL       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHL       10,000,000         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHL       -         - Enterprises t		-	-
- Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHL       13147429         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHPL       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHPL       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHPL       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHPL       227,000         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHPL       (9,523,000)         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHPL       (9,523,000)         Reimbursement of expenses:       -         - Fellow subsidiary – BPPL       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHPL       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHPL       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHPL       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHPL       -         - Fellow subsidiary – RSSL       -         - Fellow subsidiary – RSSL       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHL       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHL       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHL       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHL       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHL       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHL       -		-	410
Loan given /(Refunded) :		12147420	
-       Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHPL       -       250,000         -       Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHPL       -       (1,800,000)         Loan taken from/(Refunded) to :       227,000       37,575,000         -       Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHPL       (9,523,000)         Reimbursement of expenses:-       -       -         -       Fellow subsidiary – BPPL       -       -         -       Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHPL       -       -         -       Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHPL       -       -         -       Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHPL       -       -       -         -       Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHPL       -       -       -         -       Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHPL       -       -       -         -       Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHIL       -       -       -         -       Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHIL       10,000,000       10,000,000         Zero percent(12.25% Optionally Convertible Debentures) Compulsory Convertible Debentures       -       -       -         -       Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHIL       -       -       - </td <td></td> <td>1514/429</td> <td>-</td>		1514/429	-
Loan taken from/(Refunded) to :       227,000         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHPL       227,000         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHPL       (9,523,000)         Reimbursement of expenses:-       -         - Fellow subsidiary – BPPL       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHPL       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHPL       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHPL       301,793         - Fellow subsidiary – RSSL       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHPL       -         - Fellow subsidiary – RSSL       -         - Utstanding Balances at the year-end :       31-Mar-21         Outstanding Balances at the year-end :       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHL       10,000,000         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHL       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHL       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHL       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHL       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHL       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHL       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHL       -         - Enterprises t		-	250,000
-       Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHPL       227,000       37,575,000         -       Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHPL       (9,523,000)         Reimbursement of expenses:-       -       -         -       Fellow subsidiary – BPPL       -       -         -       Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHPL       -       174,571         Other Expenses to:       -       174,571         -       Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHPL       301,793       -         -       Fellow subsidiary – RSSL       -       -         Outstanding Balances at the year-end :       31-Mar-21       31-Mar-20         Equity Share Capital       -       -       -         -       Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHL       -       -         2ero percent[12.25% Optionally Convertible Debentures) Compulsory Convertible Debentures       -       -         -       Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHL       -       -         -       Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHL       -       -         -       Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHL       -       -         -       Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHL       -       -         -       Enterpris		-	(1,800,000)
- Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHPL       (9,523,000)         Reimbursement of expenses:-       -         - Fellow subsidiary – BPL       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHPL       -         Other Expenses to:       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHPL       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHPL       -         - Fellow subsidiary – RSL       -         Outstanding Balances at the year-end :       31-Mar-21         Bequity Share Capital       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHL       10,000,000         Zero percent(12.25% Optionally Convertible Debentures) Compulsory Convertible Debentures       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHL       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHL       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHL       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHL       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHL       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHL       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHL       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHL       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHL       -         - Ente			
Reimbursement of expenses:			37,575,000
- Fellow subsidiary – BPPL       -       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHPL       -       174,571         Other Expenses to:       -       174,571         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHPL       301,793       -         - Fellow subsidiary – RSSL       -       -         Outstanding Balances at the year-end :       31-Mar-21       31-Mar-20         Equity Share Capital       -       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHL       10,000,000       10,000,000         Zero percent(12.25% Optionally Convertible Debentures) Compulsory Convertible Debentures       -       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHL       -       -       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHL       -       -       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHL       -       -       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHL       -       -       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHL       -       -       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHL       -       -       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHL       -       -       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHL		(9,525,000)	
Other Expenses to:		-	-
-       Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHPL       301,793       -         -       -       -       -       -         Outstanding Balances at the year-end :       31-Mar-20       31-Mar-20         Equity Share Capital       -       -       -         -       Equity Share Capital       10,000,000       10,000,000         Zero percent(12.25% Optionally Convertible Debentures) Compulsory Convertible Debentures       -       -         -       Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHL       -       -         -       Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHL       -       -         -       Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHL       -       -         -       Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHPL       28,279,000       37,575,000         Interest accrued on Loan taken from:       -       -       -         -       Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHL       -       -         -       Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHL       -       -         -       Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHL       -       -         -       Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHL       -       -         -       Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHPL       23,80	- Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHPL	-	174,571
-Fellow subsidiary – RSSL       -       -         Outstanding Balances at the year-end :       31-Mar-21       31-Mar-20         Equity Share Capital       -       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHL       10,000,000       10,000,000         Zero percent(12.25% Optionally Convertible Debentures) Compulsory Convertible Debentures       -       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHL       -       -         Loan taken from :       -       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHPL       28,279,000       37,575,000         Interest accrued on Loan taken from:       -       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHL       -       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHL       -       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHL       -       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHL       -       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHL       -       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHPL       23,805       159,776         - Fellow subsidiary – Advika       -       -       -         - Sundry debtors / receivable       -       -       -			
Outstanding Balances at the year-end :       31-Mar-21       31-Mar-20         Equity Share Capital       -       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHL       10,000,000       10,000,000         Zero percent(12.25% Optionally Convertible Debentures) Compulsory Convertible Debentures       -       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHL       -       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHL       -       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHL       -       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHL       -       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHPL       28,279,000       37,575,000         Interest accrued on Loan taken from:       -       -       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHIL       -       -       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHIL       -       -       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHIL       -       -       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHIL       -       -       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHIL       -       -       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHIL       -       -       - <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>-</td></td<>			-
Equity Share Capital       10,000,000         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHL       10,000,000         Zero percent(12.25% Optionally Convertible Debentures) Compulsory Convertible Debentures       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHL       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHPL       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHPL       28,279,000         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHPL       28,279,000         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHL       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHL       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHL       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHL       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHPL       23,805         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHPL       23,805         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHPL       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHPL       23,805         - Fellow subsidiary – Advika       -         - Fellow subsidiary – Advika       -         - Sundry debtors / receivable       -	-reliow subsidiary - KSSL	-	-
- Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHL       10,000,000       10,000,000         Zero percent(12.25% Optionally Convertible Debentures) Compulsory Convertible Debentures       -       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHL       -       -         Loan taken from :       -       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHL       28,279,000       37,575,000         Interest accrued on Loan taken from:       -       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHL       -       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHL       -       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHL       -       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHL       -       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHL       -       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHPL       23,805       159,776         - Fellow subsidiary – Advika       -       -       -         Sundry debtors / receivable       -       -       -	Outstanding Balances at the year-end :	31-Mar-21	31-Mar-20
Zero percent(12.25% Optionally Convertible Debentures) Compulsory Convertible Debentures       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHL       -         Loan taken from :       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHPL       28,279,000         Interest accrued on Loan taken from:       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHL       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHL       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHL       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHL       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHL       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHL       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHPL       23,805         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHPL       23,805         - Fellow subsidiary – Advika       -         - Sundry debtors / receivable       -			
- Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHL       -         Loan taken from :       28,279,000         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHPL       28,279,000         1nterest accrued on Loan taken from:       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHIL       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHIL       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHIL       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHIL       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHIL       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHIL       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHIL       -         - Fellow subsidiary – Advika       -         - Fullow subsidiary – Advika       -         - Sundry debtors / receivable       -		10,000,000	10,000,000
Loan taken from :			
- Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHPL       28,279,000       37,575,000         Interest accrued on Loan taken from:       -       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHL       -       -         Creditors / payable to:       -       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHPL       23,805       159,776         - Flow subsidiary – Advika       -       -         Sundry debtors / receivable       -       -		-	-
- Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHL     -     -       Creditors / payable to:     -     -       - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHPL     23,805     159,776       - Fellow subsidiary – Advika     -     -       Sundry debtors / receivable     -     -		28,279,000	37,575,000
Creditors / payable to:       -         - Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHPL       23,805         - Fellow subsidiary – Advika       -         - Sundry debtors / receivable       -	Interest accrued on Loan taken from:		
- Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHPL 23,805 159,776 - Fellow subsidiary – Advika Sundry debtors / receivable		-	-
- Fellow subsidiary – Advika Sundry debtors / receivable		23.805	159 776
Sundry debtors / receivable		.,	
- Fellow subsidiary – BPPL	Sundry debtors / receivable		
	- Fellow subsidiary – BPPL	-	-

### Nadira Properties Private Limited Notes to financial statements for the Year ended March 31, 2021

### 20 Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Company's principal financial liabilities comprise loans and borrowings, trade and other payables. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to finance the Company's operations. The Company's principal financial assets include loans, trade and other receivables, and cash and cash equivalents that derive directly from its operations.

The Company is exposed to market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Company's senior management oversees the management of these risks. Company's senior management ensures that the Company's financial risk activities are governed by appropriate policies and procedures and that financial risks are identified, measured and managed in accordance with the Company's policies and risk objectives. All derivative activities for risk management purposes are carried out by specialist teams that have the appropriate skills, experience and supervision. It is the Company's policy that no trading in derivatives for speculative purposes may be undertaken. The Board of Directors reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks, which are summarised below.

### A. Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: interest rate risk, currency risk and other price risk, such as equity price risk. Financial instruments affected by market risk include loans and borrowings, deposits, and derivative financial instruments.

The sensitivity analyses in the following sections relate to the position as at 31 March 2021 and 31 March 2020.

The analyses exclude the impact of movements in market variables on: the carrying values of gratuity and other post-retirement obligations, provisions.

The following assumptions have been made in calculating the sensitivity analyses:

► The sensitivity of the relevant profit or loss item is the effect of the assumed changes in respective market risks. This is based on the financial assets and financial liabilities held at 31 March 2021 and 31 March 2020

### B. Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company does not have fluctuating interest rate borrowings, thus company does not have any interest rate risk.

### C. Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of an exposure will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company does not have exposure to foreign currency payable or receivable balances and hence it does not have any foreign currency risk.

### D. Credit risk

Credit risk arises from cash held with banks and financial institutions, as well as credit exposure to clients, including outstanding accounts receivable. The maximum exposure to credit risk is equal to the carrying value of the financial assets. The objective of managing counterparty credit risk is to prevent losses in financial assets. The Company assesses the credit quality of the counterparties, taking into account their financial position, past experience and other factors.

### E. Liquidity risk

The Company's objective is to maintain a balance between continuity of funding and flexibility through the use of bank deposits and loans. The table below summarises the maturity profile of the Company's financial liabilities based on contractual undiscounted payments (including interest payments):

				(A	Amount in Rupees)
Particulars	On demand	Within 1 year	1 to 5 years	> 5 years	Total
Year ended March 31, 2021					
Borrowings		28,279,000			28,279,000
Trade and other payables		52,125.00			52,125.00
Other financial liabilities		91,490			91,490
Total	-	28,422,615	-	-	28,422,615
Year ended March 31, 2020					
Borrowings		37,575,000			37,575,000
Trade and other payables		188,096			188,096
Other financial liabilities		90,000			90,000
Total	-	37,853,096	-	-	37,853,096

21

### Where there is movement/ balance in financial activities in cash flow

### Amendment to Ind AS 7

Effective April 1, 2017, the company adopted the amendment to Ind AS 7, which requires entities to provide disclosures that Amount in Rs.

				Amount mas.
01/04/2020	Cash Flow	Non Cash Changes		31/03/2021
		Fair Value Changes Others		
-	-		-	-
37,575,000	(9,296,000)	-	-	28,279,000
	-		Fair Value Changes	Fair Value Changes Others

### Nadira Properties Private Limited Notes to financial statements for the Year ended March 31, 2021

### 22 Capital Management

For the purpose of the Company's capital management, capital includes issued equity capital, share premium and all other equity reserves attributable to the equity holders of the Company. The primary objective of the Company's capital management is to maintain strong credit rating and heathy capital ratios in order to support its business and maximise the shareholder value.

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments in light of changes in economic conditions and the requirements of the financial covenants. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares. The Company monitors capital using a gearing ratio, which is net debt divided by total capital plus net debt. The Company includes within net debt, interest bearing loans and borrowings, trade and other payables, less cash and cash equivalents.

		(Ame	ount in Rupees)
		31-Mar-21	31-Mar-20
Borrowings		28,279,000	37,575,000
Trade payables (Note10)		52,125	188,096
Other payables (Note11)		91,490	90,000
Less: Cash and cash equivalents (Note4)		(32,032)	(35,599)
Net debt	(i)	28,390,583	37,817,497
Share Capital		10,000,000	10,000,000
Other Equity		-3,230,745	10,484
Total capital	(ii)	6,769,255	10,010,484
Capital and net debt	(iii=i+ii)	35,159,838	47,827,981
Gearing ratio (%)	(i/iii)	80.75%	79.07%

In order to achieve this overall objective, the Company's capital management, amongst other things, aims to ensure that it meets financial covenants attached to the interest-bearing loans and borrowings that define capital structure requirements. Breaches in meeting the financial covenants would permit the bank to immediately call loans and borrowings. There have been no breaches in the financial covenants of any interest-bearing loans and borrowing in the current period.

No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the period.

### 23 Segment reporting

The Chief Operating Decision Maker reviews the operations of the Company primarily as a business of procurement of land, which is considered to be the only reportable segment by the management. Hence, there are no additional disclosures to be provided under IND AS 108 'Operating Segments'.

### 24 Capital commitments

Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account not provided for, net of advances Rs.NIL (Mar'20 - Rs.NIL).

### 25 Pending litigations

The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position.

### 26 Foreseeable losses

The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses

### 27 MSME Dues

There are no micro and small enterprises to which the company owes dues which are outstanding for more than 45 days as at March 31, 2021. This information, as required to be disclosed under the Micro Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act 2006, has been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information available with the company.

As per our report of even date

### For Girish Murthy & Kumar

Chartered Accountants Firm registration number: 000934S

BRAHMAVAR Digitally signed by BRAHMAVAR GIRISH RAO GIRISH RAO

**B. Girish Rao** Partner **Membership No:85745** 

Place : Hosur Date : 04th May'2021 For and on behalf of the board of directors Nadira Properties Private Limited





Pandiyan M Director DIN: 08642405

Related Party Transaction Details For the year ended March 31, 2021 Balance Sheet Nadira Properties Private Limited Comp any Code E5512

A. Receivable / Reimbursement / Trade receivable / De posits paid / Interest receivable

ID KS.	Total ( IGAAP + IND AS Adjustments)	•	
	Total IN Adjus		
	IG AAP Amount BPC IND AS GL Ind AS adjustment Amount		
	BPC IND AS GL		
	IGAAP Amount		
	BPCIGAAP GL		
	IC_ELIM/ PLUG BPC IGAAP GL		
	Sub Head		
	Main Head		
	GL Code		
	Transaction Description		
	Code Company name		
	IC Code		
	Short Code		
	SI No	1	

### 8. Payable / Trade payable / Retention payable / Deposits received / Interest payable SI No Short IC Code Company name

	IC Code	SI No Short IC Code Company name Code Company name	Transaction Description	GL Code	Main Head	Sub Head	IC_ELIM/ PLUG	BPCIGAAP GL	IGAAP Amount	BPC IND AS GL	IGAAP Amount BPC ND AS GL Ind AS adjustment Amount	Total (IGAAP + IND AS Adjustments)
	I_E6121	GSPHL 1_E6121 GMR SE2 & Port Holdings Limited Other consultancy	Other consultancy	2050201016	2050201016 Trade payables Current	Trade payables - Current - Due to Related parties	ELIMTYPO1	320302000.INP	23,805			23,805.15
												•
1												

# Loan given to group companies / Share application money / Other advances

In Rs.	v BPCNDAS QL Network Interest Total (restoried AS norv thor there there are an area accessed and an area accessed there are accessed and an area accessed there are accessed and area accessed there are accessed there acces				ref BPCND AS QL Network Internet Trail (IGAAP = MDAS DTL DTA BPC Defectation and any the serves account Adjustments) DTL DTA BPC Defectation and SAdjustments and adjustments andjustments andjustments andjus	
	IGAAP Amount BPC IND AS GL Investment in Equity portion of related party loans / debenture Other IND. AS Admissrow of				IG AAP Amount BPC IND AS GL Equity Component of related party loans / debenture? Pr1 Share (excluding DT)	
					BPCIGAAP GL IGAAP Amo	
	IC_EIM/ PLUG BPC IGAAP GL				IC_ELIM/ PLUG	
	Main Head Sub Head	-		tures	Main Head Sub Head	
	Transaction Description GL Code			<ol> <li>Loan taken from group comparies / Share application money re fundable / Other loans/ Preference Share/ Debentures</li> </ol>	Transaction Description GL Code	
	SI No Short IC Code Company name Code Code			vup companies / Share application money refu	SI No Short IC Code Company name Code	
	SI No Short Code	1	2	D. Loan taken from grou	SI No Short Code	

$ \frac{1}{2}  1$											(excluding DTI)				accrued till date)
Transaction Description     GL Code     Main Head     Sub Head     IC_GLAM/PLUG     BPC1GAAP GL	1_E6121 GMI	3 SEZ & Port Holdings Limited	Loan taken	2030500011 Shc	ort term borrowings	Indian rupee short term loans	ELIMITYP04	3201 00060. IN P	28,279,000					28,279,000.00	
Transaction Decorption GL Code Main Head Sub Head IC_EIR// PLUG IRPC/ Could GL														-	
Transaction Description GL Code Main Head Sub Head IC_EAM/ PLUG BPCTGAAP GL															
Transaction Description OL Code Main Head Sub Head IC_CLaW/PLUC BPC/CGA/P OL														In Rs.	
	IC Code	Company name		-	in Head		IC_ELIM/ PLUG		IGAAP Amount	BPC IND AS GL	DTL on Equity Component	BPC IND AS GL	DTL reversed via To Notional interest	tal (IGAAP + IND AS Adjustments)	

# Share Capital Other Equity SAM/ Equity Component of Loan / Debenture / Purference share)

1         659H.         1.651.21         GMR \$57.8. Port riolding. United         Share capital         Issues Equity. Capital         ELIM/TYPG8         20100000 MP         10,000,000           2         5         5         5         5         10,000,000         5	SI No Short Code	le IC Code	Short IC Code Company name Transaction Description Code	GL Code	Main Head	Sub Head	IC_ELIM/ PLUG BPC GL	BPCGL	IGAAP Amount	BPC IND AS GL	IGAAP Amount BPC IND AS GL Equity Component of related party loans / debenture Pr1 Share (excludior PT1)	BPC IND AS GL	DTL/ DTA (DTL on equity component)	BPC ND AS GL DT/ DTA (DTL on Deferred Taxon Ind Total (IGAAP + equity AS Adjustments IND AS component) Adjustments Adjustments	Total (IGAAP + IND AS Adjustments)
	i GSPH		S	2010101006		Issues Equity Capital	ELIMITYPO8	210100010.INP	10,000,000						10,000,000.00
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	~	_				. =									

## ure/ pref share/ financial guarantee) G. Investment in group company (including equit

H													
IC Code		SI No Short IC Code Company name Code	Transaction Description	GL Code	Main Head	Sub Head	IC_ELIM/ PLUG	BPC IGAAP GL	IGAAP Amount	BPC IND AS GL	KGAAP Amount BPC IND AS GL Investment in Equity BPC GL portion of preference share/ debenture/ Loans	Notional Interest Total (net of Ind AS expense accrued Adjustments) till date	otal ( net of Ind AS Adjustments)
	L												
												2	

In Rs.	Total (IGAAP + IND AS Adjustments)			in Rs.	
	IGAAP Amount BPC ND AS GL Ind AS adjustment Amount				
	BPC IND AS GL				
	IG AAP Amount				
	BPC IGAAP GL				
	IC_ELIM/ PLUG BPC IGAAP GL				
	Sub Head				
	Main Head				
	GL Code				
	Transaction Description				
	SI No Short IC Code Company name Code				
	IC Code			Assets)	
	Short Code			Right of Use (Lease Assets)	
	SI No	-1	2	Right of I	

### Right of Use (Lease Assets)

	_	
Total (IGAAP + IND AS Adjustments)	1	
Ind AS adjustment Amount		
BPC IND AS GL		
IGAAP Amount		
BPC IGAAP GL		
IC_ELIM/ PLUG		
Sub Head		
Main Head		
GL Code		
Transaction Description		
e Company name		
IC Code		
Short Code		
SI No	1	2

For Gridh Murthy & kumar Dartreeds Accustants Fran uggistartion number (\* 2003)45 BRAHHAVVAR (\* Digate) repeat GRISH RAO, "Bassindo GRISH RAO, "Bassindo Bassindo Patree Mem No. 85:745

Place : Hosur Date: 04.05.2021

0 Company Secretary

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IC Code	~	Company name	Transaction Description GL Code		Main Head	Sub Hard	sma/wns"x	BPC KI AAP GL	IGAMP Amount	Provisional Increme	Reimbursement	BPC ND AS GL	BPC IND AS GL Ind AS adjustment Amount	Total ( IGAMP + IND AC Articul reard a)	BP C GL	DTL/DTA	
	Н																
	H																
8. Expense (induding Dividend peid)	pu	pold)															
IC Code		Company name	Transaction Description GL Code		Main Head	Sub Hard	sm/wng's	BPC IG AMP GL	IGAAP Amount	Provisional Emone	Reimbur soment	BPC ND AS GL	Ind AS adjustment	Reimbursement BPC ND AS GL Ind AS adjustment Total (IGAAP + IND Emerand	BPCGL	DTU/DTA	
5612		1 151 121 GMB SEZ & Part Hold (reschriefed Other control bank of areas	Other consultance dranes	00 01000 000	(00.00019.99 Other examines	Legal and professional frees	519/TMLR	Stot 07090 JAP	207.702					002.02.108			
193		1 E6121 GAR SEZ & PortHoldings Limited Interest on Loan	Interest on Loan	6200234003 Finance costs	Finance costs	& on loan/100	BLM TVP18	S101 08111 JAP	13,147,429					13,147,42883			
														-			
ie capitali	te c	C. Excentional //income cantalised to CWIP / FA/ Other Induncible anatis 13 No Short IC Code Company name Capital 14 Ocde	n assots Capital level under (1 o be Cable from dropodown Item.		Nature of Expanse	SubHead	K_RM/PUIG	BPC KI AMP GIL	IGAR Amount			TO SY ON DAR	BPC ND AS GL. Ind AS adjustment Amount	in Rs. Totel ( IGAAP + IND AS Adjustment s)			
	H																
2 For Girlsh Murthy & Numar	1.									l			For and on behalf of the Board of Directors	e Board of Directors			
Chartered Accountants Tirm read at attion number	Chartere d Accountants Tim resistration number "00.02365	10											Nadra Properties Private Limited	ote Limited			
BRU-MAVUR Device a cardy GRISHRAD NO	₽ð												Pand van M				
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Related Party Transaction Details For the year ended March 31, 2021 Transaction for the period Nadira Properties Private Limited Company Code E5512

All the transaction during th period (loan taken/ loan given/ security deposit given/ security deposit taken/ SAM refunded/ SAM taken)

<b></b>	<u>.</u>				In Rs.
SI No		IC Code	Company name	Transaction Description	Amount
	Code				
1	GSPHL	I_E6121	GMR SEZ & Port Holdings Limited	Loan taken	227,000
2	GSPHL	I_E6121	GMR SEZ & Port Holdings Limited	Refund of Loan taken	9,523,000
3					
4					
5					
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			•		

For Girish Murthy & Kumar Chartered Accountants Firm registration number ''000934S For and on behalf of the Board of Directors Nadira Properties Private Limited

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Pandiyan M Pandiyan M Pandiyan M Director

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BRAHMAY Digitally AR GIRISH signed by BRAHMAVAR RAO GIRISH RAO Partner

Place : Hosur Date: 04.05.2021